WISCONSIN STANDARDS FOR

English Language Arts



Reading Foundational Skills Standards - Introduction

These standards are directed toward fostering students' understanding and working knowledge of concepts of print, the alphabetic principle, and other basic conventions of the English writing system. These foundational skills are not an end in and of themselves; rather, they are necessary and important components of an effective, comprehensive reading program designed to develop proficient readers with the capacity to comprehend texts across a range of types and disciplines. Instruction should be differentiated: typically developing readers will need much less practice with these concepts than readers who struggle to learn to read and/or English learners. The point is to teach students what they need to learn and not what they already know—to discern when particular children or activities warrant more or less attention.

Note: In kindergarten, children are expected to demonstrate increasing awareness and competence in the areas that follow.

Please reference Appendix 2 - Foundational Skills for definitions, explanations, and further examples of decoding, encoding, fluency, phonological awareness, phonemic awareness, the progression of skills, consonants, vowels, syllables and syllable patterns, and morphemes.

Strand: Reading Foundational Skills

Print (Concepts - Kindergarten	Print Concepts - Grade 1	
b c.	Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print. Follow words from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page. Recognize spoken words are represented in written language by specific sequences of letters. Understand words are separated by spaces in print. Recognize and name all upper- and lowercase letters of the alphabet.	RF.1.1 Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print. a. Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation).	Not applicable in grade 2.
Phono	ological Awareness - Kindergarten	Phonological Awareness - Grade 1	Phonological Awareness - Grade 2
b c. d	Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes). Recognize and produce rhyming words. Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words. Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words. Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words. (This does not include CVCs ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/.) Add, delete, or substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple, one-syllable words to make new words.	 RF.1.2 Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes). a. Distinguish long from short vowel sounds in spoken single-syllable words. b. Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends. c. Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable words. d. Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes). e. Add, delete, or substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple one-syllable words to make new words. 	RF.2.2 Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes). a. Add, delete, and substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple one-syllable words to make new words, including initial, final, medial, consonant blends, short vowel sounds, and long vowel sounds.

Strand: Reading Foundational Skills

Phonics and Word Recognition - Kindergarten	Phonics and Word Recognition - Grade 1	Phonics and Word Recognition - Grade 2
analysis skills in decoding words. a. Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. b. Associate the long and short sounds with common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. c. Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do, does). d. Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. Related to language standards: L.K.6c Phonetically spell simple words drawing on knowledge of letter-sound relationships. Related to Reading Foundational standards.	 RF.1.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. a. Know the spelling-sound correspondences for common consonant digraphs. b. Decode and encode_regularly spelled one-syllable words (e.g., cat, fox, bet, cup, fit, etc.). c. Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds (Examples include but are not limited to: ai, ay, oa, ea, ee, ie, ue, ow). d. Use knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word. e. Decode two-syllable words following basic (known) patterns by breaking the words into syllables. f. Read words with inflectional endings (i.e., -s, -ed, -ing). g. Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words. Related to language standards: L.1.6d Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and draw on phonemic awareness and spelling conventions to spell other words phonetically. 	RF.2.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. a. Distinguish long and short vowels when reading regularly spelled one-syllable words. b. Know spelling-sound correspondences for additional common vowel teams. c. Decode and encode regularly spelled one, two, and some three syllable CVC pattern words (e.g., 1 syllable: mat, 2 syllable: picnic, 3 syllable: fantastic, etc.). d. Decode words with common prefixes and suffixes. e. Decode regularly spelled two-syllable words with long vowels. Encode some of these words. o Know when to drop the final e when adding an -ing, -ed endings. (Silent-e vowel pattern base word). o Know when to double the final consonant when adding a suffix ing, -ed. f. Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words. Related to language standards: See L.2.6 for additional spelling/encoding/word analysis guidance.
Fluency - Kindergarten	Fluency - Grade 1	Fluency - Grade 2
RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding.	 RF.1.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose, understanding, and sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding. b. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary. 	 RF.2.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding. b. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.

Strand: Reading Foundational Skills

Phonics and Word Recognition - Grade 3	Phonics and Word Recognition - Grade 4	Phonics and Word Recognition - Grade 5	
RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. a. Identify and know the meaning of the most common prefixes and derivational suffixes. b. Decode words with common Latin suffixes. c. Decode multisyllable words that include all learned syllable patterns (see previous grade level standards for specific targets). d. Read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words. e. Apply common encoding rules: f. Know when to drop the final e when adding endings. (Silent-e vowel pattern base word). g. Know when to double the final consonant when adding a suffix. See L.3.6 for additional spelling/encoding/word analysis guidance.	RF.4.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context. See L.4.6 for additional spelling/encoding/word analysis guidance.	RF.5.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. a. Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context. See L.5.6 for additional spelling/encoding/word analysis guidance.	
Fluency - Grade 3	Fluency - Grade 4	Fluency - Grade 5	
 RF.3.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding. b. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary. 	RF.4.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding. b. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.	 RF.5.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding. b. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary. 	

Reading Standards - Introduction

The following standards offer a focus for instruction each year and help ensure that students gain adequate exposure to a range of texts and tasks. Rigor is also infused through the requirement that students read increasingly complex texts through the grades. Students advancing through the grades are expected to meet each year's grade-specific standards and retain or further develop skills and understandings mastered in preceding grades. Reading those grade-level standards preceding and beyond the grade-level of one's teaching assignment is critical and allows educators to be responsive to students' varied needs of support or extension.

To build a foundation for college and career readiness, students must read widely and deeply from among a broad range of high-quality, increasingly challenging literary and informational texts. Through extensive reading of stories, dramas, poems, and myths from diverse cultures and different time periods, students gain literary and cultural knowledge as well as familiarity with various text structures and elements. By reading informational text, students build a foundation of knowledge that will also give them the background to be better readers. Students can only gain this foundation when the curriculum is intentionally and coherently structured to develop rich content knowledge within and across grades. Students also acquire the habits of reading independently and closely, which are essential to their future success.

ELA is an integrated discipline. Please see "Research to Build and Present Knowledge" in Writing and "Comprehension and Collaboration" in Speaking and Listening for additional standards relevant to gathering, assessing, and applying information from print and digital sources.

Anchor Standards for Reading

Overarching Statement: Read and comprehend a variety of complex literary and informational texts for many purposes (including

enjoyment), including texts that reflect one's experiences and experiences of others. This includes

independently and proficiently understanding grade-level text.

Key Ideas and Details Students will:

Anchor Standard R1: Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly/implicitly and to make logical inferences from it;

cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard R2: Summarize key ideas and details in order to identify central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their

development.

Anchor Standard R3: Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard R4: Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and

figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Anchor Standard R5: Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the

text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Anchor Standard R6: Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text, drawing on a wide range of

diverse texts.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard R7: Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats.

Anchor Standard R8: Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning

as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

Anchor Standard R9: Analyze and evaluate texts using knowledge of literary forms, elements, and devices through a variety of

lenses and perspectives.

Modified from the New York State Education Department (2017)

Overarching Statement: Read and comprehend a variety of complex literary and informational texts for many purposes (including enjoyment), including texts that reflect one's experiences and experiences of others. This includes independently and proficiently understanding grade-level text.

Key Ideas and Details - Kindergarten	Key Ideas and Details - Grade 1	Key Ideas and Details - Grade 2
R.K.1 With prompting and support, develop and answer questions about a text. (RI&RL)	R.1.1 Develop and answer questions about key ideas and details in a text. (RI&RL)	R.2.1 Develop and answer questions to demonstrate an understanding of key ideas and details in a text. (RI&RL)
R.K.2 With prompting and support, retell stories (RL); share key details from a text. (RI)	R.1.2 Identify a main topic or central idea in a text with guidance and support; retell important details. (RI&RL)	R.2.2 Summarize portions of a text in order to identify a main topic or central idea and key details in a text. (RI&RL)
R.K.3 With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and important events in a story or pieces of information in a text. (RI&RL)	R.1.3 Describe characters, settings, and important events in a story or pieces of information in a text. (RI&RL)	R.2.3 Describe how characters respond to major events and challenges. (RL) Describe the connections between ideas, concepts, or a series of events. (RI)
Craft and Structure - Kindergarten	Craft and Structure - Grade 1	Craft and Structure - Grade 2
R.K.4 With prompting and support, identify specific words that express feelings or content- specific words within a text. (RI&RL)	R.1.4 Identify specific words and phrases that express feeling, appeal to the senses, or content-specific words within a text. (RI&RL)	R.2.4 Explain how specific words and phrases express feelings, appeals to the senses, or determine the meaning of content-specific words within a text. (RI&RL)
R.K.5 Identify literary and informational texts. (RI&RL)	R.1.5 Identify a variety of genres and explain major differences between literary texts and informational texts. (RI&RL)	R.2.5 Describe the overall structure of a text, including describing how the beginning introduces the text and the ending concludes the text. (RI&RL)
R.K.6 Define the role of the author and the illustrator in presenting the ideas in a text. (RI&RL)	R.1.6 Describe how illustrations and details support the point of view or purpose of the text. (RI&RL)	R.2.6 Identify examples of how illustrations, text features, and details support the point of view or purpose of the text. (RI&RL)
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas - Kindergarten	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas - Grade 1	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas - Grade 2
R.K.7 With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the text. (RI&RL)	R.1.7 Use illustrations and details in literary and informational texts to discuss story elements and/or topics. (RI&RL)	R.2.7 Demonstrate understanding of story elements and/or topics by applying information gained from illustrations or text features. (RI&RL)
R.K.8 With prompting and support, identify specific information to support ideas in a text. (RI)	R.1.8 Identify specific information an author or illustrator gives that supports ideas in a text. (RI)	R.2.8 Explain how specific points the author or illustrator makes in a text are supported by relevant reasons and evidence. (RI)
R.K.9 With prompting and support, compare and contrast two texts; recognize that texts reflect one's own and others' culture. (RI&RL)	R.1.9 Compare and contrast two texts; recognize that texts reflect one's own and others' culture. (RI&RL)	R.2.9 Compare and contrast key points or perspectives presented in two texts; recognize that texts reflect one's own and others' culture. (RI&RL)

RI = Reading Information

Overarching Statement: Read and comprehend a variety of complex literary and informational texts for many purposes (including enjoyment), including texts that reflect one's experiences and experiences of others. This includes independently and proficiently understanding grade-level text.

Key Ideas and Details - Grade 3		Key	Key Ideas and Details - Grade 4		Key Ideas and Details - Grade 5	
R.3.1	Develop and answer questions to locate relevant and specific details in a text to support an answer or inference. (RI&RL)	R.4.1	Locate and refer to relevant details and evidence when explaining what a text says explicitly/implicitly and make logical inferences. (RI&RL)	R.5.1	Locate and refer to relevant details and evidence when explaining what a text says explicitly/implicitly and make logical inferences. (RI&RL)	
R.3.2	Summarize portions of a text to determine a theme or central idea and explain how it is supported by key details. (RI&RL)	R.4.2	Summarize texts, from a variety of genres, to determine a theme or central idea and explain how it is supported by key details. (RI&RL)	R.5.2	Summarize texts, from a variety of genres, to determine a theme or central idea and explain how it is supported by key details. (RI&RL)	
R.3.3	Describe a character (traits, motivations, and/or feelings) drawing on specific details from the text. (RL)	R.4.3	Describe a character (traits, motivations, and/or feelings), setting, or event, drawing on specific details in the text. (RL)	R.5.3	Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, and events, drawing on specific details in the text. (RL)	
	Describe the relationship among a series of events, ideas, concepts, or steps in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect. (RI)		Explain events, procedures, ideas, or concepts, including what happened and why, based on specific evidence from the text. (RI)		Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts based on specific evidence from the text. (RI)	

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Craft and Structure - Grade 3	Craft and Structure - Grade 4	Craft and Structure - Grade 5
R.3.4 Determine the meaning of words, phrases, figurative language, and academic and content-specific words within a text. (RI&RL)	language, and academic and content-specific words language, academic, and content-specific words within a	
R.3.5 Identify parts of stories, dramas, and poems using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza. (RL) Identify and use text features to build comprehension. (RI)	R.4.5 Identify and analyze structural elements, using terms such as verse, rhythm, meter, characters, settings, dialogue, stage directions. (RL) Identify the overall structure using terms such as sequence, comparison, cause/effect, and problem/solution. (RI)	R.5.5 Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to determine the overall structure of a story, drama, or poem. (RL) Compare and contrast the overall structure in two or more texts using terms such as sequence, comparison, cause/effect, and problem/solution. (RI)
R.3.6 Discuss how the reader's point of view or perspective may differ from that of the author, narrator or characters in a text. (RI&RL)	R.4.6 In literary text, compare and contrast the point of view from which different stories are narrated, including the difference between first- and third-person narrations. (RL) In informational text, compare and contrast a primary and secondary source on the same event or topic. (RI)	R.5.6 In literary text, explain how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described. (RL) In informational text, analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent. (RI)
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas - Grade 3	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas - Grade 4	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas - Grade 5
R.3.7 Explain how specific illustrations or text features contribute to what is conveyed by the words in a text (e.g., create mood, emphasize character or setting, or determine where, when, why, and how key events occur). (RI&RL)	R.4.7 Explain how text features (e.g., charts, graphs, diagrams, timelines, animations, and illustrations) contribute to an understanding of the text. (RI&RL)	R.5.7 Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning of literary and informational texts. (RI&RL)
R.3.8 Explain how claims in a text are supported by relevant reasons and evidence. (RI)	R.4.8 Explain how claims in a text are supported by relevant reasons and evidence. (RI)	R.5.8 Explain how claims in a text are supported by relevant reasons and evidence, identifying which reasons and evidence support which claims. (RI)
R.3.9 Recognize genres and make connections to other texts, ideas, cultural perspectives, identities, eras, personal events, and situations. (RI&RL)	R.4.9 Recognize genres and make connections to other texts, ideas, cultural perspectives, identities, eras, personal events, and situations. (RI&RL)	R.5.9 Make informed judgments about quality of text; make connections to other texts, ideas, cultural perspectives, identities, eras, and personal experiences. (RI&RL)

RI = Reading Information

Overarching Statement: Read and comprehend a variety of complex literary and informational texts for many purposes (including enjoyment), including texts that reflect one's experiences and experiences of others. This includes independently and proficiently understanding grade-level text.

Key Ideas and Details - Grade 6	Key Ideas and Details - Grade 7	Key Ideas and Details - Grade 8	
R.6.1 Cite textual evidence to support an analysis of what the text says explicitly/implicitly and make logical inferences. (RI&RL)	R.7.1 Cite textual evidence to support an analysis of what the text says explicitly/implicitly and make logical inferences. (RI&RL)	R.8.1 Cite textual evidence that strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly/implicitly and make logical inferences. (RI&RL)	
R.6.2 Summarize texts, from a variety of genres, to determine a theme or central idea and how it is developed by key supporting details over the course of a text. (RI &RL)	R.7.2 Summarize texts, from a variety of genres, to determine a theme or central idea and analyze its development over the course of the text. (RI&RL)	R.8.2 Summarize texts, from a variety of genres, to determine one or more themes or central ideas and analyze their development over the course of the text. (RI&RL)	
R.6.3 In literary texts, describe how events unfold, as well as how characters respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution. (RL) In informational texts, analyze how individuals, events, and ideas are introduced, related to each other, and developed. (RI)	R.7.3 In literary texts, analyze how elements of plot are related, affect one another, and contribute to meaning. (RL) In informational texts, analyze how individuals, events, and ideas are introduced, related to each other, and developed. (RI)	R.8.3 In literary texts, analyze how particular lines of dialogue or events propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision. (RL) In informational texts, analyze how individuals, events, and ideas are introduced, related to each other, and developed. (RI)	

RI = Reading Information

Overarching Statement: Read and comprehend a variety of complex literary and informational texts for many purposes (including enjoyment), including texts that reflect one's experiences and experiences of others. This includes independently and proficiently understanding grade-level text.

Craft and Structure - Grade 6	Craft and Structure - Grade 7	Craft and Structure - Grade 8	
R.6.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases, including figurative and connotative meanings. Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning, tone, and mood, including words with multiple meanings within a text. (RI&RL)	R.7.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases, including figurative and connotative meanings. Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning, tone, and mood, including words with multiple meanings within a text. (RI&RL)	R.8.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases, including figurative and connotative meanings. Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning, tone, and mood, including words with multiple meanings within a text. (RI&RL)	
R.6.5 In literary texts, analyze how a sentence, paragraph, stanza, chapter, scene, or section fits into the overall structure and how it contributes to the development of theme, central idea, setting, or plot. (RL) In informational texts, analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section fits into the overall structure of a text and how it contributes to the development of theme or central ideas. (RI)	R.7.5 In literary texts, analyze how structure, including genrespecific features, contributes to the development of themes or central ideas. (RL) In informational texts, analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the sections contribute to the whole and to the development of themes or central ideas. (RI)	R.8.5 In literary and informational texts, compare and contrast the structures of two or more texts in order to analyze how the differing structure of each text contributes to overall meaning, style, theme, or central idea. (RI&RL)	
R.6.6 In literary texts, identify possible biases, the point of view, and explain how it is developed and conveys meaning in diverse texts. (RL) In informational texts, explain how an author's geographic location, identity, and/or culture affect perspective. Analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others. (RI)	R.7.6 In literary texts, analyze how an author develops and contrasts the point of view, possible biases, and the perspectives of different characters or narrators. (RL) In informational texts, explain how an author's geographic location, identity, and/or culture affect perspective. Analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others. (RI)	R.8.6 In literary texts, analyze how the differences between the point of view, perspectives, and possible biases of the characters, the audience, or reader create effects such as mood and tone. (RL) In informational texts, explain how an author's geographic location, identity, and/or culture affect perspective. Analyze how the author addresses conflicting evidence or viewpoints. (RI)	

RI = Reading Information RL = Reading Literature

Overarching Statement: Read and comprehend a variety of complex literary and informational texts for many purposes (including enjoyment), including texts that reflect one's experiences and experiences of others. This includes independently and proficiently understanding grade-level text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas - Grade 6	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas - Grade 7	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas - Grade 8	
R.6.7 Compare and contrast how different formats, including print and digital media, contribute to the understanding of a subject. (RI&RL)	R.7.7 Compare and contrast a written text with audio, filmed, staged, or digital versions in order to analyze the effects of techniques unique to each media and each format's portrayal of a subject. (RI&RL)	R.8.7 Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different media—print, audio, video, stage, or digital—to present a particular subject or idea and analyze the extent to which a production remains faithful to or departs from the written text. (RI&RL)	
R.6.8 Trace and evaluate the development of an argument and specific claims in texts, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and relevant evidence from claims that are not. (RI)	R.7.8 Trace and evaluate the development of an argument and specific claims in a text. Assess whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient. Recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced. (RI)	R.8.8 Trace and evaluate an argument and specific claims in a text. Assess whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient. Recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced. (RI)	
R.6.9 Evaluate the quality of texts. Make connections to other texts, ideas, cultural perspectives, identities, eras, and personal experiences. (RI&RL)	R.7.9 Evaluate the quality of texts. Make connections to other texts, ideas, cultural perspectives, identities, eras, and personal experiences. (RI&RL)	R.8.9 Choose and develop criteria to evaluate the quality of texts. Make connections to other texts, ideas, cultural perspectives, identities, eras, and personal experiences. (RI&RL)	

RI = Reading Information RL = Reading Literature

Overarching Statement: Read and comprehend a variety of complex literary and informational texts for many purposes (including enjoyment), including texts that reflect one's experiences and experiences of others. This includes independently and proficiently understanding grade-level text.

Key Ideas and Details - Grades 9 - 10		Key Ideas and Details - Grades 11 - 12		
R.9-10.1	Cite relevant textual evidence that strongly supports analysis of what the text says explicitly/implicitly and make logical inferences; develop questions for further exploration. (RI&RL)		Cite relevant textual evidence that strongly supports analysis of what the text says explicitly/implicitly and make logical inferences, including determining where the text is ambiguous; develop questions for deeper understanding and for further exploration. (RI&RL)	
R.9-10.2	Objectively and accurately summarize texts, from a variety of genres, to determine one or more themes or central ideas and analyze its development, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details. (RI&RL)	R.11-12.2	Objectively and accurately summarize a complex text to determine two or more themes or central ideas and analyze their development, including how they emerge and are shaped and refined by specific details. (RI&RL)	
R.9-10.3	In literary texts, analyze how complex and/or dynamic characters develop, interact with other characters, advance the plot, or develop a theme. (RL) In informational texts, analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or argument, including the sequence, the introduction and development of ideas, and the connections that exist. (RI)	R.11-12.3	In literary texts, analyze the impact of the author's choices. (RL) In informational texts, analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop. (RI)	

RI = Reading Information

Overarching Statement: Read and comprehend a variety of complex literary and informational texts for many purposes (including enjoyment), including texts that reflect one's experiences and experiences of others. This includes independently and proficiently understanding grade-level text.

Craft and Structure - Grades 9 - 10		Craft and Structure - Grades 11 - 12		
R.9-10.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases, including figurative and connotative meanings. Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning, tone, and mood. Examine technical or key terms and how language differs across genres. (RI&RL)	R.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases, including figurative and connotative meanings. Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning, tone, and mood, including words with multiple meanings. Analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of technical or key term(s) over the course of a text. (RI&RL)		
R.9-10.5	In literary texts, consider how varied aspects of structure create meaning and affect the reader. (RL)	R.11-12.5 In literary texts, analyze how varied aspects of structure create meaning and affect the reader. (RL)		
	In informational texts, consider how the author's intent influences particular sentences, paragraphs, or sections. (RI)	In informational texts, analyze the impact and evaluate the effect structure has on exposition or argument in terms of clarity, persuasive/rhetorical technique, and audience appeal. (RI)		
R.9-10.6	Analyze how authors employ point of view, perspective, and purpose to shape explicit and implicit messages (e.g., examine rhetorical strategies, literary elements and devices). Explain how an author's geographic location, identity, and culture affect perspective. (RI&RL)	R.11-12.6 Analyze how authors employ point of view, perspective, and purpose to shape explicit and implicit messages (e.g., persuasiveness, aesthetic quality, satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement). Explain how an author's geographic location, identity, and culture affect perspective. (RI&RL)		
Integrati	on of Knowledge and Ideas - Grades 9 - 10	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas - Grades 11 - 12		
R.9-10.7	Analyze how a subject and/or content is presented in two or more formats by determining which details are emphasized, altered, or absent in each account (e.g., analyze the representation of a subject and/or content or key scene in two different formats). (RI&RL)	R.11-12.7 In literary texts, analyze multiple adaptations of a source text as presented in different formats (e.g., works of art, graphic novels, music, film, etc.), specifically evaluating how each version interprets the source. (RL) In informational texts, integrate and evaluate sources on the same topic or argument in order to address a question or solve a problem. (RI)		
R.9-10.8	Delineate and evaluate an argument and specific claims in a text, assessing the validity or fallacy of key statements by examining whether the supporting evidence is relevant and sufficient. (RI)	R.11-12.8 Delineate and evaluate an argument in applicable texts, applying a lens (e.g., constitutional principles, logical fallacy, legal reasoning, belief systems, codes of ethics, philosophies, etc.) to assess the validity or fallacy of key arguments, determining whether the supporting evidence is relevant and sufficient. (RI)		
R.9-10.9	Choose and develop criteria to evaluate the quality of texts. Make connections to other texts, ideas, cultural perspectives, identities, eras, and personal experiences. (RI&RL)	R.11-12.9 Choose and develop criteria to evaluate the quality of texts. Make connections to other texts, ideas, cultural perspectives, identities, eras, and personal experiences. (RI&RL)		

RI = Reading Information

Writing Standards - Introduction

Writing at its heart is about communication. Thus, modes of writing, such as the ones outlined in the following standards, must be taught as means of communication, and not as stand-alone, isolated skills. That is, modes should be taught as ways to intervene in rhetorical contexts for a clear purpose and to a specific audience. If students know **why** they are writing a narrative (or argument, description, etc.) and to **whom**, they can more flexibly and more effectively engage with writing as a communicative act. All students have something to say. When we teach writing rhetorically, we are helping them develop their ability to say it.

To provide rigorous writing instruction that will facilitate college and career readiness, students must have the opportunity to write consistently for a variety of high- and low-stakes purposes.

- Low-stakes writing is the formative writing that is crucial to developing students' identities as writers, developing dialogic relationships through writing in community with other writers, and developing ideas and draft text for high-stakes writing. Regular low-stakes writing is crucial for high-stakes writing.
- **High-stakes** writing often has a more explicitly rhetorical purpose and can take various forms, including but not limited to: conveying information in professional contexts, proposing a solution to a pressing social problem, writing with and for community groups, developing a polished literary work, writing for standardized assessments, and research-based writing to intervene in scholarly conversations.

In this writing section, the standards focus on creative, formal, and reflective writing. Students produce argumentative, informative, and narrative writing in each of these modes. These writing modes are described as:

- Creative writing: creative writing is writing in which students take the role of literary artists, using techniques associated with literary arts to entertain, discover, and convey imagined or real worlds. For instance, creative writing may include slam poetry, short stories, creative nonfiction, multimodal compositions, fanfiction, or lyric poetry.
- Formal writing: Formal writing is a flexible category that we broadly define in two ways: writing for academic inquiry and writing to engage and intervene in the social world. Writing for academic inquiry means using research, critical thinking, and analysis to address an issue in which writers have a stake for an audience. For instance, it could take the form of a research paper, presentation, or poster. Writing to engage and intervene in the social world means writing for professional, civic, and community purposes. For instance, this mode of writing could include emails, multimodal compositions, letters to the editor, argumentative essays, or campaigns with the purpose of taking action.
- Reflective writing: Reflective writing is formative writing that allows teachers and students to enter into conversation and develop ideas and thoughts together. It is often a building block to more specific rhetorical tasks.

Anchor Standards for Writing

Overarching Statement: Write routinely for a range of culturally-sustaining and rhetorically authentic tasks, purposes, and

audiences over extended time frames (time for inquiry, reflection, and revision) and shorter time

frames (a single sitting or a day or two).

Text Types and Purposes: Students will:

Anchor Standard W1: Compose reflective, formal, and creative writing, which may happen simultaneously or

independently, for a variety of high-stakes and low-stakes purposes.

Anchor Standard W2: Compose writing for a variety of modes to examine and convey complex ideas and information

clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Anchor Standard W3: Select and utilize tools and strategies to develop effective writing appropriate for purpose, mode,

and audience.

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W4: Make intentional and informed decisions about development, organization, and style, to produce

clear and coherent writing that are culturally-sustaining and rhetorically authentic to task and

purpose.

Anchor Standard W5: Plan, revise, and edit to make informed and intentional decisions to produce clear and coherent

multimodal writing in which the development, organization and style are appropriate to task,

purpose and audience.

Anchor Standard W6: Use print and digital technology to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate

with others.

Inquiry to Build and Present Knowledge

Anchor Standard W7: Conduct short as well as more sustained student-driven inquiry, demonstrating an understanding

of the subject under investigation.

Anchor Standard W8: Gather relevant information from multiple print, digital, and community sources, assess the

credibility and accuracy of each source, and follow a standard citation format.

Anchor Standard W9: Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and inquiry.

Text Types and Purposes - Kindergarten		Text Types and Purposes - Grade 1	Text Types and Purposes - Grade 2	
W.K.1	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose reflective, formal, and creative writing, which may happen simultaneously or independently, for a variety of high-stakes and low-stakes purposes.	W.1.1 Compose reflective, formal, and creative writing, which may happen simultaneously or independently, for a variety of high-stakes and low-stakes purposes.	W.2.1 Compose reflective, formal, and creative writing, which may happen simultaneously or independently, for a variety of high-stakes and low-stakes purposes.	
b.	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose text in a variety of modes: Opinion pieces in which they tell the reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book. Informative/explanatory text in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. Convey events, real or imagined and narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.	 W.1.2 Write text in a variety of modes: a. Opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the text they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure. b. Informative/explanatory text in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure. c. Convey events, real or imagined, through narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure. 	 W.2.2 Write text in a variety of modes: a. Opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, using words for emphasis, addition, contrast, or order to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section. b. Informative/explanatory text in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section. c. Convey events, real or imagined, through narratives in which they recount a well elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. 	
	Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose text that utilizes: Organization: provide a sense of structure, attempt an introduction. Word Choice (including domain specific): use words familiar to the student.	 W.1.3 Create writing that utilizes: a. Organization: provide a beginning, middle and a simple ending. b. Transitions: simple word transitions and temporal words/pictures that link ideas. c. Word Choice (including domain specific): experiments with descriptive words to describe feelings, events and images. 	 W.2.3 Create writing that utilizes: a. Organization: provide a beginning, middle and ending, that works cohesively to promote the central theme of the text. b. Transitions: use transitions to link and build connections between ideas, text, and events. c. Word Choice (including domain specific): uses descriptive words to demonstrate creativity and to provide vivid examples of feelings, events and images. 	

Produc	tion and Distribution of Writing - Kindergarten	Produc	tion and Distribution of Writing - Grade 1	Produc	tion and Distribution of Writing - Grade 2
W.K.4	With guidance and support from adults, use a combination of drawing, dictating and writing to compose text in which the development and organization are culturally-sustaining and rhetorically authentic to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	W.1.4	With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are culturally-sustaining and rhetorically authentic to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	W.2.4	With guidance and support from adults, produce Writing in which the development and organization are culturally-sustaining and rhetorically authentic to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
W.K.5	With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed.	W.1.5	With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed.	W.2.5	With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing.
W.K.6	With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. Learn to produce writing through printing (including forming most printed upper- and lowercase letters), cursive, and/or typing.	W.1.6	With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. Learn to produce writing through printing (including forming most printed upper- and lowercase letters), cursive, and/or typing.	W.2.6	With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. Learn to produce writing through printing (including forming most printed upper- and lowercase letters), cursive, and/or typing.

Inquiry	Inquiry to Build and Present Knowledge - Kindergarten		Inquiry to Build and Present Knowledge - Grade 1		Inquiry to Build and Present Knowledge - Grade 2	
W.K.7	Participate in shared inquiry and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them).	W.1.7	Participate in shared inquiry and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions).	W.2.7	Participate in shared and independent inquiry and writing projects (e.g., read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science observations).	
W.K.8	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.	W.1.8	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.	W.2.8	Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.	
W.K.9	With guidance and support from adults, recall facts from literary and informational text to research characters, setting, key detail, specified information, and ideas presented in a text.	W.1.9	With guidance and support from adults, recall and use facts from literary and informational text to support reflection and inquiry on characters, setting, key details, specified information, and ideas presented in a text.	W.2.9	With guidance and support from adults and peers, recall and use facts from literary and informational text to support reflection and inquiry on characters, setting, key details, specified information, and ideas presented in a text.	

Text Ty	pes and Purposes - Grade 3	Text Types and Purposes - Grade 4	Text Types and Purposes - Grade 5
W.3.1	Compose reflective, formal, and creative writing, which may happen simultaneously or independently, for a variety of high-stakes and low-stakes purposes.	W.4.1 Compose reflective, formal, and creative writing, which may happen simultaneously or independently, for a variety of high-stakes and low-stakes purposes.	W.5.1 Compose reflective, formal, and creative writing, which may happen simultaneously or independently, for a variety of high-stakes and low-stakes purposes.
b.	Write text in a variety of modes: Opinion pieces in which the student supports a point of view about a topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion, list reasons that support the opinion. Informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts, definitions and details to develop points. Convey events, real or imagined, through narrative/short stories to develop experiences or events using descriptive details and clear event sequences to establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters. Use dialogue and description of actions, thoughts and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.	 W.4.2 Write text in a variety of modes: a. Opinion pieces in which the student introduces the topic or text they are writing about, state an opinion and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose. List reasons that support the opinion. b. Informative texts in which they clearly introduce a topic, group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aid comprehension. Use facts, definitions and details to develop points. c. Convey events, real or imagined, through narrative/short stories which orients a reader by establishing a real or imagined situation and introducing a narrator and characters; organize are event sequence that unfolds naturally. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations. 	a general observation, focus, and group related information logically. Include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension and to link ideas within and across categories of information. c. Convey events, real or imagined, through narrative/short stories which orients a reader by establishing a real or imagined situation and introducing a narrator and characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences

Text Types and Purposes - Grade 3	Text Types and Purposes - Grade 4	Text Types and Purposes - Grade 5
 W.3.3 Create writing that utilizes: a. Organization: include an introduction that establishes a purpose and provides a concluding statement appropriate to the mode of writing. b. Transitions: use of prompts, words and phrases to signal event order and to link and build connections between ideas, text, and events. c. Word Choice (including domain specific): use words familiar to the student for emphasis, addition, contrast, or order to connect categories or information, and to convey meaning. 	 W.4.3 Create writing that utilizes: a. Organization: include an introduction that establishes a purpose and provides a concluding statement related to the body of the composition. Structure of text reflects the purpose. b. Transitions: use of phrases to signal event order and to link and build connections between ideas, text, and events. c. Word Choice (including domain specific): experiments with words to provide emphasis, addition, contrast, or order to connect themes and ideas. 	 W.5.3 Create writing that utilizes: a. Organization: include an introduction that establishes a purpose and engages the reader. Text builds to a concluding statement appropriate to the mode of writing and related to the body of the composition. b. Transitions: use a variety of transitional words and phrases that logically connect and develop ideas. c. Word Choice (including domain specific): creatively selects unique words for emphasis, addition, contrast, or order.

Produc	Production and Distribution of Writing - Grade 3		Production and Distribution of Writing - Grade 4		Production and Distribution of Writing - Grade 5		
W.3.4	With support from adults and peers, produce writing in which the development and organization are culturally-sustaining and rhetorically authentic to task and purpose. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	W.4.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are culturally-sustaining and rhetorically authentic to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	W.5.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are culturally-sustaining and rhetorically authentic to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)		
W.3.5	With guidance and support from adults and peers, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing.	W.4.5	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose and audience. Respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing.	W.5.5	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are intentionally selected by teacher/student for task, purpose and audience, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing.		
W.3.6	With guidance and support from adults and peers, use digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. Learn to produce writing through printing, cursive, and/or typing.	W.4.6	With some guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. Learn to produce writing through printing, cursive, and/or typing (with sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting).	W.5.6	With some guidance and support from adults, they intentionally select a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. Proficiently produce writing through printing, cursive, and/or typing (with sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting).		

Inquiry	Inquiry to Build and Present Knowledge - Grade 3		Inquiry to Build and Present Knowledge - Grade 4		Inquiry to Build and Present Knowledge - Grade 5	
W.3.7	Conduct short inquiry projects that build knowledge about a topic.	W.4.7	Conduct short inquiry projects that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.	W.5.7	Conduct short student-driven inquiry projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.	
W.3.8	Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided categories.	W.4.8	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information and provide a list of sources.	W.5.8	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources.	
W.3.9	Recall facts from literary or informational texts to support reflection, and inquiry.	W.4.9	Recall and use facts from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and inquiry.	W.5.9	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and inquiry.	

Text Types and Purposes - Grade 6		Text Types and Purposes - Grade 7	Text Types and Purposes - Grade 8	
W.6.1	Compose reflective, formal, and creative writing, which may happen simultaneously or independently, for a variety of high-stakes and low-stakes purposes.	W.7.1 Compose reflective, formal, and creative writing, which may happen simultaneously or independently, for a variety of high-stakes and low-stakes purposes.	W.8.1 Compose reflective, formal, and creative writing, which may happen simultaneously or independently, for a variety of high-stakes and low-stakes purposes.	
b.	Write text in a variety of modes: Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons, relevant evidence, and literary theory. Write informative texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective narrative techniques, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.	 W.7.2 Write text in a variety of modes: a. Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons, relevant evidence and literary theory. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. Use accurate, credible sources b. Write informative text that examines a topic and conveys ideas, concepts, and information through the selection and organization of relevant conten by introducing and developing a topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples, organizing ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. c. Write narratives that develop real or imagined experiences or events using relevant descriptive details and well-structured event sequences that organize an event sequence logically. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introduces a narrator or characters; using techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, and reflection, to develop experiences, events, and characters. 	from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.	

Text Types and Purposes - Grade 6	Text Types and Purposes- Grade 7	Text Types and Purposes -Grade 8	
 W.6.3 Create writing that utilizes: a. Organization: introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts, and information. Provide a concluding statement appropriate to the mode of writing. b. Transitions: use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. c. Word Choice (including domain specific): use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. Use sensory language to describe experiences and events. 	 W.7.3 Create writing that utilizes: a. Organization: provide an introduction that creates suspense and anticipation for the reader. Structure of the text supports and clarifies the purpose and topic. Provide a concluding statement appropriate to the mode of writing. b. Transitions: use a variety of appropriate transitions that connect and develop ideas. c. Word Choice (including domain specific): use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships. Use sensory language to describe experiences and events. 	 W.8.3 Create writing that utilizes: a. Organization: provide an introduction that creates suspense and anticipation for the reader. Structure of the text supports and clarifies the purpose and topic throughout the entire text. Conclusion statement provides closure and ties up all loose ends. b. Transitions: varied transitions to create cohesion and clarity among ideas and concepts. c. Word Choice (including domain specific): use genre-specific vocabulary. Use vocabulary that enhances the meaning and engages the reader. 	

Produc	Production and Distribution of Writing - Grade 6		Production and Distribution of Writing - Grade 7		Production and Distribution of Writing - Grade 8		
W.6.4	Independently and collaboratively produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are culturally-sustaining and rhetorically authentic to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	W.7.4	Independently and collaboratively produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are culturally-sustaining and rhetorically authentic to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	W.8.4	Independently and collaboratively produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are culturally-sustaining and rhetorically authentic to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)		
W.6.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.	W.7.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.	W.8.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.		
W.6.6	Use technology, (including paper and pencil, internet, audio, visual, multilingual, multimodal, mobile, and/or other interactive formats), to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently, as well as, to interact and collaborate with others. Proficiently produce writing through printing, cursive, and/or typing (with sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of three pages in a single sitting), selecting the method(s) best suited for audience and purpose.	W.7.6	Use technology, (including paper and pencil, internet, audio, visual, multilingual, multimodal, mobile, and/or other interactive formats), to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently, as well as to interact and collaborate with others, including linking to and citing sources.	W.8.6	Use technology, (including paper and pencil, internet, audio, visual, multilingual, multimodal, mobile, and/or other interactive formats), to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others.		

Inquiry	to Build and Present Knowledge - Grade 6	Inquiry	to Build and Present Knowledge - Grade 7	Inquiry	to Build and Present Knowledge - Grade 8
W.6.7	Conduct short inquiry projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.	W.7.7	Conduct short inquiry projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation.	W.8.7	Conduct short inquiry projects to answer a question (including self-generated questions), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.
W.6.8	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources.	W.7.8	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	W.8.8	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
W.6.9	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and inquiry. (Apply grade 6 Reading standards)	W.7.9	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and inquiry. (Apply grade 7 Reading standards)	W.8.9	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and inquiry. (Apply grade 8 Reading standards)

Text Types and Purposes - Grades 9-10	Text Types and Purposes - Grades 11-12
W.9-10.1 Compose reflective, formal, and creative writing, which may happen simultaneously or independently, for a variety of high-stakes and low-stakes purposes.	W.11-12.1 Compose reflective, formal, and creative writing, which may happen simultaneously or independently, for a variety of high-stakes and low-stakes purposes.
W.9-10.2 Write text in a variety of modes:	W.11-12.2 Write text in a variety of modes:
 a. Write arguments and literary analysis to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning, literary theory, and relevant and sufficient evidence which introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns. b. Write informative texts that examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content by introducing a topic; organizing complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; including formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension; developing the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, and other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. c. Write narratives that develop real or imagined experiences or events using relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences that organize an event sequence logically. Engages and orients the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator or characters; using techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, and reflection, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. 	 a. Write arguments and literary analysis to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts. Establish the significance of the claim(s) using valid reasoning. literary theory and relevant and sufficient evidence which introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns. b. Write informative texts that examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content by introducing a topic; organizing complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; including formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension; thoroughly developing the topic by selecting the most significant and relevant well-chosen facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, and other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. c. Write narratives that develop real or imagined experiences or events using relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences that organize an event sequence logically. Engages and orients the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator or characters; using techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, and reflection, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

Text Types and Purposes - Grades 9-10	Text Types and Purposes - Grades 11-12
W.9-10.3 Create writing that utilizes:	W.11-12.3 Create writing that utilizes:
 a. Organization: introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, analysis, information and claims to make important connections and distinctions. Establish and maintain a structure and conventions consistent with the mode of writing. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the topic, themes, and experiences presented in the text. b. Transitions: use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. c. Word Choice (including domain specific): use culturally-sustaining language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic. Use telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of thoughts, ideas and experiences. 	 a. Organization: introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, analysis, information and claims, so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole. Establish and maintain a structure and conventions consistent with the mode of writing. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the topic, themes, and experiences presented in the text. b. Transitions: use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. c. Word Choice (including domain specific): use culturally-sustaining language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic. Use techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.

	on and Distribution of Writing - Grades 9-10	Production and Distribution of Writing - Grades 11-12					
W.9-10.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are culturally-sustaining and rhetorically authentic to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)	W.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are culturally-sustaining and rhetorically authentic to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)					
W.9-10.5	Develop and strengthen writing (collaboratively and individually) as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	W.11-12.5 Develop and strengthen writing (collaboratively and individually) as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.					
W.9-10.6	Make informed and intentional decisions about technology use (including paper and pencil, internet, audio, visual, multilingual, multimodal, mobile, and/or other interactive formats) to engage in authentic rhetorical tasks for specific purposes and audiences. Such decisions include assessing particular technologies' affordances for:	W.11-12.6 Make informed and intentional decisions about technology use (including paper and pencil, internet, audio, visual, multilingual, multimodal, mobile, and/or other interactive formats) to engage in authentic rhetorical tasks for specific purposes and audiences. Such decisions include assessing particular technologies' affordances for:					
b.	connecting writers and readers, producing accessible experiences for specific audiences, and dynamically and flexibly matching modes with ideas to communicate with readers.	 a. connecting writers and readers, b. producing accessible experiences for specific audiences, and c. dynamically and flexibly matching modes with ideas to communicate with readers. 					
Inquiry to	Build and Present Knowledge - Grades 9-10	Inquiry to Build and Present Knowledge - Grades 11-12					
W.9-10.7	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem that is rhetorically authentic and culturally-sustaining; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating an understanding of the subject under investigation.	W.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem that is rhetorically authentic and culturally-sustaining; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating an understanding of the subject under investigation.					
W.9-10.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital, academic and popular sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	W.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.					
W.9.10.9	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. (Apply grades 9-10 Reading standards)	W.11-12.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. (Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards)					

Speaking and Listening Standards - Introduction

These standards are directed toward developing students' abilities to productively participate in communicative exchanges. Productive participation means that students are able to communicate in large group, small group, and one-on-one exchanges with varied audiences, for varied purposes, and in varied situations; can respond to and develop what others have said; can contribute accurate, relevant information; and can analyze and synthesize a multitude of ideas in various domains. Students must have ample opportunities to take part in a variety of conversations and communicative exchanges in order to practice and apply these standards. Some standards repeat from grade-level to grade-level in recognition of the fact that students' understandings develop and deepen over time. The ultimate goal of these standards is that students are able to understand and make flexible choices in their use of language in order to meet their communicative goals with varied audiences, for varied purposes, and in varied situations.

Please reference the "Overall Structure of the Document" for definitions and explanations of standardized English and communicative competence.

Anchor Standards for Speaking & Listening

Listen to understand and adapt speech to a variety of purposes, audiences, and situations in order to meet communicative goals. Be able to justify intentional language choices and how those choices differ for culture and context.

Comprehension and Collaboration Students Will:

Anchor Standard SL1: Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with

diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and

persuasively.

Anchor Standard SL2: Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including

visually, quantitatively, and orally.

Anchor Standard SL3: Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard SL4: Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the

line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task,

purpose, and audience.

Anchor Standard SL5: Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and

enhance understanding of presentations.

Strand: Speaking & Listening K-5

Overarching Statement: Listen to understand and adapt speech to a variety of purposes, audiences, and situations in order to meet communicative goals. Be able to justify intentional language choices and how those choices differ for culture and context.

Comprehension and Collaboration - Kindergarten		Comprehension and Collaboration - Grade 1		Comprehension and Collaboration - Grade 2	
SL.K.1 a. b. c. d.	actively listening, taking turns, and staying on topic.	SL.1.1 a. b. c. d.	norms for discussions and participate by actively listening, taking turns, and staying on topic.	b. E c. A d. C	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions and participate by actively listening, taking turns, taking turns, taking the floor in respectful ways and staying on opic. Build on others' talk in conversations by linking their comments to the remarks of others. Ask for clarification and further explanation as the edded about the topics and texts under discussion. Consider individual differences when communicating with others.
SL.K.2	With guidance and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.	SL.1.2	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.	SL.2.2	Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
SL.K.3	Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.	SL.1.3	Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood.	SL.2.3	Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information, or clarify something that is not understood, or expand on the topic.
Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas - Kindergarten		Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas - Grade 1		Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas - Grade 2	
SL.K.4	With guidance and support, describe familiar people, places, things, and events.	SL.1.4	Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas clearly.	SL.2.4	Tell a story or recount an experience with descriptive details, expressing ideas clearly.
SL.K.5	With guidance and support, create an original or utilize existing visual displays to support descriptions.	SL.1.5	Create an original or utilize existing visual displays to support descriptions to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.	SL.2.5	Include digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify or support ideas, thoughts, and feelings.

Strand: Speaking & Listening K-5

Overarching Statement: Listen to understand and adapt speech to a variety of purposes, audiences, and situations in order to meet communicative goals. Be able to justify intentional language choices and how those choices differ for culture and context.

Comprehension and Collaboration - Grade 3		Comprehension and Collaboration - Grade 4		Comprehension and Collaboration - Grade 5	
	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher led) with diverse partners on topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing one's thinking clearly. a. Come to discussions prepared, explicitly draw on topics and texts along with personal knowledge and experiences to explore ideas under discussion. b. Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., gaining attention in respectful ways, actively listening, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion). c. Ask questions to check understanding of information presented, stay on topic, and link their comments to the remarks of others. d. Explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.	sL.4.1 a. b.	topics and texts along with personal knowledge and experiences to explore ideas under discussion.	sL.5.1 a. b. c.	on topics and texts along with personal knowledge and experiences to explore ideas under discussion. Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., gaining attention in respectful ways, actively listening, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).
SL.3.2	Determine main ideas and supporting details of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats.	SL.4.2	Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats.	SL.5.2	Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats.
SL.3.3	Ask and answer questions about information from a speaker, offering elaboration and detail.	SL.4.3	Identify the reasons and evidence a speaker provides to support particular points.	SL.5.3	Summarize the points a speaker makes and explain how each claim is supported by reasons and evidence.

Strand: Speaking & Listening K-5

Overarching Statement: Listen to understand and adapt speech to a variety of purposes, audiences, and situations in order to meet communicative goals. Be able to justify intentional language choices and how those choices differ for culture and context.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas - Grade 3		Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas - Grade 4		Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas - Grade 5	
SL.3.4	Report on a topic or text, tell a story, read a poem, or recount an experience with facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace.	SL.4.4	Report on a topic or text, tell a story, read a poem, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace. Communicate clearly and in an engaging manner, considering the audience, purpose, and situation.	SL.5.4	Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace. Communicate clearly and in an engaging manner, considering the audience, purpose, and situation.
SL.3.5	Include digital media and visual displays in presentations to enhance certain facts and details.	SL.4.5	Integrate audio and visual content in presentations to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.	SL.5.5	Integrate multimedia components (e.g., graphics, sound) and visual displays in presentations to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.

Strand: Speaking & Listening 6-12

Overarching Statement: Listen to understand and adapt speech to a variety of purposes, audiences, and situations in order to meet communicative goals. Be able to justify intentional language choices and how those choices differ for culture and context.

Comprehension and Collaboration - Grade 6		Comprehension and Collaboration - Grade 7	Comprehension and Collaboration - Grade 8
SL.6.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher led) with diverse partners on topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing one's thinking clearly.	SL.7.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher led) with diverse partners on topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing one's thinking clearly.	SL.8.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher led) with diverse partners on topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing one's thinking clearly.
a. b. c.	draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue. Support analysis by making connections, paraphrasing, clarifying, or explaining the evidence. With guidance and support, set specific norms and goals for collegial discussions (e.g., gaining attention in respectful ways, actively listening, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion). Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion.	 a. Come to discussions prepared and explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue. Support analysis by making connections, paraphrasing, clarifying, or explaining the evidence. b. With guidance and support, set and track specific norms and goals for collegial discussions (e.g., gaining attention in respectful ways, actively listening, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion). c. Pose questions that invite elaboration and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant observations and ideas that bring the discussion back on topic as needed. Promote multiple perspectives. d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate an understanding of multiple perspectives through analysis, including reflection, clarification, and paraphrasing. 	 a. Come to discussions prepared, and explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue. Support analysis by making connections, paraphrasing, clarifying, or explaining the evidence. b. Set and track specific norms and goals for collegial discussions (e.g., gaining attention in respectful ways, actively listening, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion), and monitor progress toward goals. c. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers, and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas. Promote multiple perspectives. d. Evaluate new information expressed by others and, when warranted, qualify or justify one's own views in light of the evidence presented.
SL.6.2	Interpret information presented in diverse media and formats and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or issue under study.	SL.7.2 Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.	SL.8.2 Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.
SL.6.3	Understand and evaluate a speaker's argument and specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.	SL.7.3 Understand and evaluate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.	SL.8.3 Understand and evaluate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.

Strand: Speaking & Listening 6-12

Overarching Statement: Listen to understand and adapt speech to a variety of purposes, audiences, and situations in order to meet communicative goals. Be able to justify intentional language choices and how those choices differ for culture and context.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas - Grade 6		Presen	tation of Knowledge and Ideas - Grade 7	Presen	tation of Knowledge and Ideas - Grade 8
SL.6.4	Present claims and findings in a logical order using relevant evidence and details to highlight main ideas or themes. Communicate clearly and in an engaging manner, considering the audience, purpose, and situation. Explain purpose of language choices.	SL.7.4	Present claims and findings, emphasizing significant points in a focused, coherent manner using relevant evidence. Communicate clearly and in an engaging manner, considering the audience, purpose, and situation. Explain purpose of language choices.	SL.8.4	Present claims and findings, emphasizing significant points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details. Communicate clearly and in an engaging manner, considering the audience, purpose, and situation. Explain purpose of language choices.
SL.6.5	Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify and enhance information.	SL.7.5	Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize significant points.	SL.8.5	Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.

Strand: Speaking & Listening 6-12

Overarching Statement: Listen to understand and adapt speech to a variety of purposes, audiences, and situations in order to meet communicative goals. Be able to justify intentional language choices and how those choices differ for culture and context.

Comprehension and Collaboration - Grades 9-10		Comprehension and Collaboration - Grades 11-12
SL.9-10.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a rang on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with divisues, listening actively, and building on ot clearly. a. Come to discussions prepared, explicitly drato evidence from texts and other research analysis by making connections, paraphrase evidence. b. Work with peers to set norms for collegial diinformal consensus, taking votes on key iss views) and clear goals as needed. Reflect or group. c. Propel conversations by posing and engaging current discussion to broader themes or lato others into the discussion; and clarify, verificant conclusions. Promote multiple and diverged. Engage thoughtfully with diverse perspective and disagreement, and, when warranted, quinderstanding and make new connections reasoning presented.	verse partners on topics, texts, and thers' ideas and expressing their own w on that preparation by referring on the topic, text or issue. Support ing, clarifying, or explaining the iscussions, decision-making (e.g., sues, presentation of alternate in progress as an individual and as a g with questions that relate the reger ideas; actively incorporate fy, or challenge ideas and int perspectives. Tes, summarize points of agreement ualify or justify their own views and in light of the evidence and	 SL.11-12.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on topics, texts, and issues, listening actively, and building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. a. Come to discussions prepared, explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic, text or issue. Support analysis by making connections, paraphrasing, clarifying, or explaining the evidence. b. Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making and set clear goals. Reflect on progress as an individual and as a group. c. Propel conversations by posing and engaging with questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions. Promote and seek to understand multiple, divergent, and creative perspectives. d. Engage thoughtfully with diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.
SL.9-10.2 Analyze and synthesize multiple sources of media or formats to determine credibility a		SL.11-12.2 Analyze and synthesize multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source noting discrepancies among data.
SL.9-10.3 Understand and evaluate a speaker's point evidence and rhetoric, identifying any falla distorted evidence.		SL.11-12.3 Understand and evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.
Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas - Grades 9-10		Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas - Grades 11-12
SL.9-10.4 Present information, findings, and support follow the reasoning and organization. Inte substance, and style appropriate to purpos	entionally utilize development,	SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying perspective, such that listeners can follow the reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives addressed, and the organization. Intentionally utilize development, substance, and style appropriate to purpose, audience, and situation.
SL.9-10.5 Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., te interactive elements) in presentations to e reasoning, and evidence and to add interes	nhance understanding of findings,	SL.11-12.5 Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.

Language Standards - Introduction

The language standards are directed toward developing students' understanding and working knowledge of how language functions and how it functions differently depending upon culture and context. This includes conventions of standardized English grammar, usage, and mechanics, as well as expanding vocabulary and appreciating that words have literal and nonliteral meanings, shadings of meaning, and relationships to other words. These standards are not meant to be practiced or applied in isolation, but to be applied when composing, creating, and speaking, meaning they must be applied to the writing and speaking standards so that students meet their communicative goals. These standards are also meant to be applied to the reading and listening standards so that students are able to more fully comprehend and analyze the meaning of varied texts. Some standards repeat from grade-level to grade-level in recognition of the fact that students' understandings develop and deepen over time. The ultimate goal of these standards is that students are able to understand and make flexible choices in their use of language and conventions in order to meet their communicative goals with varied audiences, for varied purposes, and in varied situations.

Please reference the "Overall Structure of the Document" for definitions and explanations of standardized English, code-meshing, and communicative competence.

Anchor Standards for Language

Demonstrate an understanding of how language functions in different cultures and contexts. Apply this knowledge to meet communicative goals when composing, creating, and speaking, and to comprehend more fully when reading and listening. Be able to justify intentional language and convention choices and explain how those choices differ for culture and context.

Knowledge of Language Students Will:

Anchor Standard L1: Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make

effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Anchor Standard L2: Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases in grade-

level reading and content; use context clues, analyze meaningful word parts, consult general and specialized reference materials, and apply word solving strategies (for meaning) as appropriate.

Anchor Standard L3: Demonstrate an understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word

meanings.

Anchor Standard L4: Demonstrate an ability to collaboratively and independently build vocabulary knowledge when

encountering unknown words including cultural, general academic, and discipline-specific terms

and phrases; use vocabulary appropriate to the context and situation.

Conventions of Standardized English

Anchor Standard L5: Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English, and demonstrate

contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English grammar and usage when

writing or speaking.

Anchor Standard L6: Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English, and demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Knowledge of Language - Kindergarten	Knowledge of Language - Grade 1	Knowledge of Language - Grade 2
L.K.1 Demonstrate an understanding of how language functions in different cultures and contexts; apply this knowledge to comprehend more fully when reading and listening, and make effective choices when composing, creating, and speaking. a. Recognize and appreciate the linguistic diversity of peers, teachers, and other members of the school community.	L.1.1 Demonstrate an understanding of how language functions in different cultures and contexts; apply this knowledge to comprehend more fully when reading and listening, and make effective choices when composing, creating, and speaking. a. Recognize and appreciate the linguistic diversity of peers, teachers, and other members of the school community.	L.2.1 Demonstrate an understanding of how language functions in different cultures and contexts; apply this knowledge to comprehend more fully when reading and listening, and make effective choices when composing, creating, and speaking. a. Recognize and appreciate linguistic diversity (e.g., at home, in the community and in peer and professional writing and speaking). b. Recognize formal and informal uses of English.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use - Kindergarten	Vocabulary Acquisition and Use - Grade 1	Vocabulary Acquisition and Use - Grade 2
L.K.2 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases in grade-level reading and content; use context clues, analyze meaningful word parts, consult general and specialized reference materials, and apply word solving strategies (for meaning) as appropriate. a. Begin to recognize some words have multiple meanings (e.g., duck, tie). b. Use some word prefixes and suffixes as clues to the meaning of unknown words (e.g., un-, -ed).	L.1.2 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases in grade-level reading and content; use context clues, analyze meaningful word parts, consult general and specialized reference materials, and apply word solving strategies (for meaning) as appropriate. a. Use inflexional forms as clues to the meaning of unknown words (e.g., looks, looked). b. Identify common root words.	L.2.2 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases in grade-level reading and content; use context clues, analyze meaningful word parts, consult general and specialized reference materials, and apply word solving strategies (for meaning) as appropriate. a. Determine the meaning of a new word when a prefix or suffix is added. b. Use a common root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. c. Use individual words to predict meaning of compound words (e.g., birdhouse). d. Use resources to clarify meanings of words.
L.K.3 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. With guidance and support from adults: a. Ask and answer questions about unknown words. b. Sort common objects into categories. c. Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and their opposites (antonyms). d. Connect common words to real life (e.g., colorful). e. Act out shades of meanings with verbs (e.g., strut, skip).	 L.1.3 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. With guidance and support from adults: a. Identify words and phrases that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses (e.g., in stories, poems, or conversations). b. Explain rationale for sorting words into categories. c. Act out or define shades of meanings with verbs of differing manner (e.g., peek, scowl) and adjectives (e.g., gigantic, large). 	 L.2.3 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. a. Describe how words and phrases supply rhythm and meaning in a text (e.g., alliteration, rhyme, repeated lines). b. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe foods that are juicy). c. Distinguish shades of meaning among similar verbs (e.g., toss, throw) and adjectives (e.g., happy, pleased).
L.K.4 Demonstrate an ability to collaboratively and independently build vocabulary knowledge when encountering unknown words including cultural, general academic, and discipline-specific terms and phrases; use vocabulary appropriate to the context and situation.	L.1.4 Demonstrate an ability to collaboratively and independently build vocabulary knowledge when encountering unknown words including cultural, general academic, and discipline-specific terms and phrases; use vocabulary appropriate to the context and situation. Use frequently occurring conjunctions (e.g., because) to signal simple relationships.	L.2.4 Demonstrate an ability to collaboratively and independently build vocabulary knowledge when encountering unknown words including cultural, general academic, and discipline-specific terms and phrases; use vocabulary appropriate to the context and situation. Use adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., when other kids are happy, that makes me happy.).

Conventions of Standardized English - Kindergarten	Conventions of Standardized English - Grade 1	Conventions of Standardized English - Grade 2
L.K.5 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English. Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose of language choice with: a. Frequently used nouns, verbs, and prepositions. b. Oral pluralizations of nouns. c. Question words (who, what, etc.). d. Oral production and expansion of complete sentences.	L.1.5 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English. Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose of language choice with: a. Common, proper, and possessive nouns. b. Nouns/verbs agreement in simple sentences. c. Frequently occurring pronouns, adjectives, conjunctions, verb tenses, and prepositions. d. Production and expansion of complete sentences in response to prompts.	 L.2.5 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English. Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose of language choice with: a. Collective nouns, adjectives and adverbs, frequently occurring regular plural nouns, frequently occurring irregular past tense verbs. b. Production, expansion, and rearrangement of complete simple and compound sentences.
 L.K.6 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English. Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose in conventions with: a. Capitalization of the first word in a sentence. b. Name frequently used punctuation. c. Phonetically spell simple words drawing on knowledge of letter-sound relationships. Related to Reading Foundational standards (RF.K.3). d. Writes letters for most consonant and short vowel sounds (phonemes). Related to Reading Foundational standards (RF.K.3). 	 L.1.6 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English. Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose in conventions with: a. Capitalization of dates and names of people. b. End punctuation. c. Commas in dates and simple sets. d. Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and draw on phonological awareness and spelling conventions to spell other words phonetically. Related to Reading Foundational standards (RF.1.3). 	 L.2.6 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English. Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose in conventions with: a. Capitalization of holidays, products, geographic places. b. Commas in greetings and closings. c. Apostrophes in contractions and frequently occurring possessives. d. Use common spelling patterns, phonemic awareness, and basic reference materials to solve words. Related to Reading Foundational standards (RF.2.3).

Knowledge of Language - Grade 3	Knowledge of Language - Grade 4	Knowledge of Language - Grade 5
 L.3.1 Demonstrate an understanding of how language functions in different cultures, contexts, and disciplines; apply this knowledge to comprehend more fully when reading and listening, and make effective choices when composing, creating, and speaking. a. Compare and contrast the ways in which language is used in familiar contexts (e.g., at home, in the community, in peer and professional writing/speaking). b. Recognize differences between the conventions of written and spoken English. c. Identify key words and phrases that help readers understand a topic; choose words and phrases for effect when writing and speaking. 	 L.4.1 Demonstrate an understanding of how language functions in different cultures, contexts, and disciplines; apply this knowledge to comprehend more fully when reading and listening, and make effective choices when composing, creating, and speaking. a. Compare and contrast the ways in which language is used in familiar and unfamiliar contexts (e.g., at home, outside of their own communities, by diverse authors and speakers). b. Determine the language demands of varied writing and speaking situations; respond appropriately (e.g., formal writing and presentations; personal writing and conversations). c. Identify examples of precise and concise language when reading; choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely when writing and speaking. d. Choose punctuation for effect. 	 L.5.1 Demonstrate an understanding of how language functions in different cultures, contexts, and disciplines; apply this knowledge to comprehend more fully when reading and listening, and make effective choices when composing, creating, and speaking. a. Recognize that standardized English is only one dialect of many and has a specific history that is implicated in power relationships. b. Compare and contrast the ways in which language is used in familiar and unfamiliar contexts (e.g., at home, outside of their own communities, by diverse authors and speakers). c. Compare and contrast the varieties of English (e.g., dialects, registers) used in stories, dramas, or poems. d. Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use - Grade 3	Vocabulary Acquisition and Use - Grade 4	Vocabulary Acquisition and Use - Grade 5
 L.3.2 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases in grade-level reading and content; use context clues, analyze meaningful word parts, consult general and specialized reference materials, and apply word solving strategies (for meaning) as appropriate. a. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. b. Determine the meaning of new words when a suffix or prefix is added. c. Use resources to determine word meanings. 	 L.4.2 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiplemeaning words and phrases in grade-level reading and content; use context clues, analyze meaningful word parts, consult general and specialized reference materials, and apply word solving strategies (for meaning) as appropriate. a. Use context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. b. Consult print and digital reference materials for meaning and pronunciation. 	L.5.2 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases in grade-level reading and content; use context clues, analyze meaningful word parts, consult general and specialized reference materials, and apply word solving strategies (for meaning) as appropriate. a. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., telegraph, photograph, autograph).
 L.3.3 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. a. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, distinguishing between literal and non-literal language. b. Distinguish shades of meaning among words describing degrees of certainty (e.g., knew, believed, suspected). c. Make connections between words and how they are used in real life (i.e., help students build or add on to existing schema when encountering new words). 	 L.4.3 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language such as similes and metaphors. b. Explain common idioms and proverbs. c. Understand words by relating them to synonyms and antonyms. d. Make connections between words and how they are used in real life (i.e., help students build or add on to existing schema when encountering new words). 	 L.5.3 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including those that allude to significant characters (e.g., Herculean). b. Interpret similes and metaphors in context. c. Clarify the precise meaning of words by comparing and contrasting them with related words (i.e., compare and contrast words to synonyms, antonyms, and homographs to better understand each word). d. Make connections between words and how they are used in real life (i.e., help students build or add on to existing schema when encountering new words).
 L.3.4 Demonstrate an ability to collaboratively and independently build vocabulary knowledge when encountering unknown words including cultural, general academic, and discipline-specific terms and phrases; use vocabulary appropriate to the context and situation. a. Identify and use phrases that signal spatial and temporal relationships (e.g., after dinner that night, we went looking for them.). 	 L.4.4 Demonstrate an ability to collaboratively and independently build vocabulary knowledge when encountering unknown words including cultural, general academic, and discipline-specific terms and phrases; use vocabulary appropriate to the context and situation. a. Identify and use phrases that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whined, stammered) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., wildlife, conservation, and endangered when discussing animal preservation). 	 L.5.4 Demonstrate an ability to collaboratively and independently build vocabulary knowledge when encountering unknown words including cultural, general academic, and discipline-specific terms and phrases; use vocabulary appropriate to the context and situation. a. Identify and use phrases that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition).

Conventions of Standardized English - Grade 3	Conventions of Standardized English - Grade 4	Conventions of Standardized English - Grade 5
L.3.5 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English.	L.4.5 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English.	L.5.5 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English.
Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose of language choice with:	Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose of language choice with:	Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose of language choice with:
 a. Irregular and regular nouns and verbs. b. Simple verb tenses. c. Subject-verb agreement. d. Simple and compound sentences. e. Easily confused words (e.g., to, too, two). 	 a. Relative pronouns and adverbs. b. Prepositional phrases. c. Order of adjectives. d. Adjectives, adverbs, conjunctions. e. Compound and complex sentences. f. Easily confused words (e.g., to, too, two). 	 a. Conjunctions. b. Verb tenses. c. Correlative conjunctions. d. Use of "they" and "their" when referring to singular people or ideas.
 L.3.6 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose in conventions with: a. Titles. b. Quotation marks for speech. c. Possessives. d. Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words. e. Use conventional spelling for high frequency words. f. Use conventional spelling for adding suffixes to basic words. g. Use learned syllable patterns and reference materials to solve and write unknown words. 	 L.4.6 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose in conventions with: a. Capitalization. b. Commas and quotation marks for quotations. c. Commas in compound sentences. d. Spell grade-level words correctly using reference materials to solve words as needed. 	 L.5.6 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose in conventions with: a. Commas (introductory elements, and elements that need to be set off like a question or direct address). b. Italics, underlining, quotes with titles. c. Spell grade-level words correctly using reference materials to solve words and edit written work as needed.

Knowledge of Language - Grade 6	Knowledge of Language - Grade 7	Knowledge of Language - Grade 8
 L.6.1 Demonstrate an understanding of how language functions in different cultures, contexts, and disciplines; apply this knowledge to comprehend more fully when reading and listening, and make effective choices when composing, creating, and speaking. a. Recognize that standardized English is only one dialect of many and has a specific history that is implicated in power relationships. b. Determine the language demands of a writing/speaking situation; respond in appropriate ways (e.g., precise and concise language; extended and descriptive language; incorporation of code-meshing, etc.). c. Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style. d. Maintain consistency in style and tone. 	 L.7.1 Demonstrate an understanding of how language functions in different cultures, contexts, and disciplines; apply this knowledge to comprehend more fully when reading and listening, and make effective choices when composing, creating, and speaking. a. Recognize that standardized English is only one dialect of many and has a specific history that is implicated in power relationships. b. Determine the language demands of a writing/speaking situation; respond in appropriate ways (e.g., precise and concise language; extended and descriptive language; incorporation of code-meshing, etc.). c. Maintain consistency in style and tone. d. When appropriate, eliminate wordiness and redundancy. 	 L.8.1 Demonstrate an understanding of how language functions in different cultures, contexts, and disciplines; apply this knowledge to comprehend more fully when reading and listening, and make effective choices when composing, creating, and speaking. a. Recognize that standardized English is only one dialect of many and has a specific history that is implicated in power relationships. b. Determine the language demands of a writing/speaking situation; respond in appropriate ways (e.g., precise and concise language; extended and descriptive language; incorporation of code-meshing, etc.). c. Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact). d. Begin to develop metacognitive awareness as writers and speakers by explaining the reasons for language choices.

Voca	bulary Acquisition and Use - Grade 6	Vocabulary Acquisition and Use - Grade 7	Vocabulary Acquisition and Use - Grade 8	
a.	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases in grade-level reading and content; use context clues, analyze meaningful word parts, consult general and specialized reference materials, and apply word solving strategies (for meaning) as appropriate. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary). Use grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word.	 L.7.2 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases in grade-level reading and content; use context clues, analyze meaningful word parts, consult general and specialized reference materials, and apply word solving strategies (for meaning) as appropriate a. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary). b. Use grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word. 	L.8.2 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases in grade-level reading and content; use context clues, analyze meaningful word parts, consult general and specialized reference materials, and apply word solving strategies (for meaning) as appropriate a. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary). b. Use grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word.	
a. b. c.	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. Determine the denotative, connotative, and figurative meanings of words and phrases used in texts; when words have similar denotations, be able to describe differences in connotation and their impact on meaning and tone. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., personification) in context. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., cause/effect) to better understand each of the words. Distinguish between words with similar definitions (e.g., stingy, scrimping, economical, unwasteful, thrifty).	 L.7.3 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Determine the denotative, connotative, and figurative meanings of words and phrases used in texts; when words have similar denotations, be able to describe differences in connotation and their impact on meaning and tone. b. Analyze the impact of rhyme and other repetitions of sound (e.g., alliteration; assonance) in varied texts (e.g., poetry; drama; section of a story). 	 L.8.3 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Determine the denotative, connotative, and figurative meanings of words and phrases used in texts; when words have similar denotations, be able to describe differences in connotation and their impact on meaning and tone. b. Analyze the impact of specific word choice on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts. 	
L.6.4	Demonstrate an ability to collaboratively and independently build vocabulary knowledge when encountering unknown words including cultural, general academic, and discipline-specific terms and phrases; make intentional vocabulary choices appropriate to the context and situation.	L.7.4 Demonstrate an ability to collaboratively and independently build vocabulary knowledge when encountering unknown words including cultural, general academic, and discipline-specific terms and phrases; make intentional vocabulary choices appropriate to the context and situation.	L.8.4 Demonstrate an ability to collaboratively and independently build vocabulary knowledge when encountering unknown words including cultural, general academic, and discipline-specific terms and phrases; make intentional vocabulary choices appropriate to the context and situation.	

Conventions of Standardized English - Grade 6	Conventions of Standardized English - Grade 7	Conventions of Standardized English - Grade 8
L.6.5 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English.	L.7.5 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English.	L.8.5 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English.
Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose of language choice with:	Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose of language choice with:	Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose of language choice with:
a. Use of objective, subjective, possessive, and intensive pronouns b. Strategies to improve expression in conventional language	a. Phrases and clauses b. Simple, compound, and complex sentences signaling differing relationships among ideas c. Recognizing and correcting dangling modifiers	a. Active and passive voice verbs b. Indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood verbs c. Recognizing and correcting shifts in verb voice and mood
L.6.6 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English. Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose in conventions with:	L.7.6 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English. Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose in conventions with: a. Commas to separate coordinate adjectives	L.8.6 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English. Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose in conventions with:
a. Commas, parentheses, and dashes b. Correct spelling	b. Correct spelling	a. Punctuation to recognize a pause or break b. Ellipsis to indicate an omission c. Correct spelling

Knowledge of Language - Grades 9-10	Knowledge of Language - Grades 11-12
L.9-10.1 Demonstrate an understanding of how language functions in different cultures, contexts, and disciplines; apply this knowledge to comprehend more fully when reading and listening, and make effective choices when composing, creating, and speaking.	L.11-12.1 Demonstrate an understanding of how language functions in different cultures, contexts, and disciplines; apply this knowledge to comprehend more fully when reading and listening, and make effective choices when composing, creating, and speaking.
 a. Recognize that standardized English is only one dialect of many and has a specific history that is implicated in power relationships. b. Develop communicative competence by effectively determining and appropriately responding to the language demands of varied situations (i.e., effectively consider the relationship between your intent as an author and the context, purpose, genre, and audience needs of writing and speaking situations). c. Develop metacognitive awareness as writers and speakers, justifying and evaluating the effectiveness of language choices. d. Recognize standardized guidelines and style manuals exist for various disciplines (e.g., Modern Language Association [MLA] in English; American Psychological Association [APA] in Education, Science, and Psychology); write and edit work so that it conforms to the expectations of the discipline and writing situation. 	 a. Recognize that standardized English is only one dialect of many and has a specific history that is implicated in power relationships. b. Develop communicative competence by effectively determining and appropriately responding to the language demands of varied situations (i.e., effectively consider the relationship between your intent as an author and the context, purpose, genre, and audience needs when writing and speaking). c. Develop metacognitive awareness as writers and speakers, justifying and evaluating the effectiveness and appropriateness of language and genre choices. d. Recognize standardized guidelines and style manuals exist for various disciplines (e.g., MLA in English; APA in Education, Science, and Psychology); write and edit work so that it conforms to the expectations of the discipline and writing situation. e. Apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts when reading; vary syntax for effect when writing.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use - Grades 9-10		Vocabulary Acquisition and Use - Grades 11-12	
L.9-10.2	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases in grade-level reading and content; use context clues, analyze meaningful word parts, consult general and specialized reference materials, and apply word solving strategies (for meaning) as appropriate.	L.11-12.2 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases in grade-level reading and content; use context clues, analyze meaningful word parts, consult general and specialized reference materials, and apply word solving strategies (for meaning) as appropriate.	
	Determine the pronunciation, precise meaning, part of speech, and etymology of words; verify by consulting general and specialized print and digital reference materials as appropriate. Determine and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., analyze, analysis, analytical; advocate, advocacy).	 a. Determine the pronunciation, precise meaning, part of speech, etymology and standardized usage of words; verify by consulting general and specialized print and digital reference materials as appropriate. b. Determine and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., analyze, analysis, analytical; advocate, advocacy). 	
L.9-10.3	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.	L.11-12.3 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.	
a.	Determine the denotative, connotative, and figurative meanings of words and phrases used in texts; analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.	 Determine the denotative, connotative, and figurative meanings of words and phrases used in texts; analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations. 	
b.	Analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning, tone, and the effectiveness of a response (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time, place, and culture; how it sets a formal or informal tone).	 Analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on the meaning, tone, and effectiveness of a response; consider words with multiple meanings, language that is particularly engaging or beautiful, and reading, writing, and speaking situations that seamlessly integrate linguistic diversity, ideas, and cultures. 	
L.9-10.4	Demonstrate an ability to collaboratively and independently build vocabulary knowledge when encountering unknown words including cultural, general academic, and discipline-specific terms and phrases; make intentional vocabulary choices appropriate to the context and situation.	L.11-12.4 Demonstrate an ability to collaboratively and independently build vocabulary knowledge when encountering unknown words including cultural, general academic, and discipline-specific terms and phrases; make intentional vocabulary choices appropriate to the context and situation.	

Conventions of Standard English - Grades 9-10		Conventions of Standard English - Grades 11-12
L.9-10.5	Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English.	L.11-12.5 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English.
	Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose of language choice with:	Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose of language choice with:
	Use parallel structure. Convey specific meanings and add variety and interest to writing and presentations through the use of various types of phrases (e.g., noun, verb, adjectival, and prepositional) and clauses (e.g., independent, dependent, and adverbial).	 a. Recognize that conventions (i.e., aspects of punctuation, layout, and formatting within a particular genre) are the result of agreed upon usage. b. Identify ways in which usage and conventions vary and are sometimes contested. c. Resolve issues of complex or contested usage by consulting appropriate references (e.g., Merriam-Webster's Dictionary of English Usage, Dictionary of American Regional English).
L.9-10.6	Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English.	L.11-12.6 Demonstrate contextually appropriate use of the conventions of standardized English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. Discern when and where it is appropriate to use standardized English.
	Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose in conventions with:	Appropriately use and explain the intended purpose in conventions with:
•	Use colons and semicolons appropriately. Spell correctly.	 Use sophisticated punctuation and capitalization techniques as appropriate to situation and genre (e.g., brackets and italics in research; capitalization expressing extended meaning in poetry). Spell correctly.