2018 BENEFITS GUIDE











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NEW FOR 2018

Below is a SNAPSHOT of your insurance benefits effective January 1, 2018.

What's New for 2018:

Enrollment Process:

■ The Annual Insurance Open Enrollment will be a PASSIVE Enrollment for 2018. If you are not making any changes to your current benefits (except a *Flexible Spending Account) and wish to continue with no changes for the 2018 benefit plan year, no action is needed. Your 2017 insurance elections will roll over to the 2018 plan year and you will automatically be enrolled for the 2018 plan year. But If you wish to enroll or change your benefits you will need to submit a completed Election/Change Form to the Human Resources office by the Open Enrollment deadline (11/10/2017).

*Diversified Benefit Services, Inc. (DBS) is our Administrator for Flexible Spending Accounts. You can enroll in a FSA during Open Enrollment by submitting a DBS enrollment form to HR/Payroll.

NOTE: You cannot participate in a HSA qualified plan, such as our HDHP and a full health care FSA simultaneously.

- Annual contributions to an HSA are increased to \$3,450 for single coverage and \$6,900 for family coverage. However, the combined total contribution cannot exceed the annual limit. If you are age 55 or older, you may make a "catch-up" contribution each year to the HSA. In 2018, the "catch-up" amount is \$1.000.
- The maximum annual out-of-pocket expense limits for a high-deductible health plan is: \$6,650 for self-only coverage \$13,300 for family coverage. An out-of-pocket-maximum refers to the limit of what you'll be required to pay toward your medical expenses in a year; including your deductible, copays, and coinsurance, but not your premiums. If you meet the out-of-pocket-maximum, any further covered expenses will be paid in full by your insurer for the remainder of the year.

Medical Insurance Administrator, UMR: UMR is our medical plan administrator. UMR's parent company is UnitedHealth Group...the largest insurance provider in the country.

Medical Plan Design and Network: The medical plan is a qualified High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP), eligible for participation in a Health Savings Account (HSA). Please see the medical section of this guide.

Prescription Drug Administrator, Express Scripts: Our pharmacy benefits provider is Express Scripts. The Express Scripts network includes a mail order pharmacy, more than 59,000 retail pharmacies nationwide, and access to Smart90, described below.

Retail pharmacies for filling short-term prescriptions, such as antibiotics.

Mail Order pharmacies for filling prescriptions that you will take for longer periods of time. You will save money when you use a mail order pharmacy and have the option to schedule your refill to ship on a schedule so that you never run out of your medication.

Walgreens Smart90 allows you to get up to a 90-day supply of maintenance medications from Walgreens Smart90 pharmacies for the same cost as Mail Order. You can refill your 90-day prescription same-day at a Smart90 pharmacy. To find a Smart90 pharmacy near you, visit http://www.express-scripts.com/sdmf. Note: After two 30-day fills at a retail pharmacy, you are required to use either a Walgreens Smart90 pharmacy or Express Scripts Mail Order Pharmacy.

To find out what you'll pay for generic and brand name drugs at local retail pharmacies or through mail order with Express Scripts Home Delivery visit http://www.express-scripts.com/sdmf.

Employee Assistance Program (EAP) - Optum EAP.





Benefit	Who Pays	Tax Treatment
Medical Coverage	You	Pretax
Health Savings Account	You	Pretax
Flexible Spending Accounts	You	Pretax
Employee Assistance Program	Included in Plan	N/A
403(b) / 457 Retirement Savings Plan	You	Pretax

2018 HDHP Health/Rx Monthly Premium Rates				
	Insurance Premium			
Single	\$ 782.52	\$ 782.52	\$ 939.04	
Family	\$ 1,806.52	\$ 1,806.52	\$ 2,167.84	



As an employee of the School District of Menomonee Falls, you may be eligible for certain benefits—such as medical, dental, vision, and life insurance—at group rates. Please review the District's benefit guide thoroughly, so that you understand how to access your coverage and how to make an informed decision on the insurance options that best fit you and/or your dependents' needs.

If you are eligible for benefits under the guidelines below, you have until December 31st of the current year to elect or waive health insurance coverage for the coming year. Your eligible dependents include your legal spouse and your dependent children up to age 26. You may only change your benefit elections within 30 days of a qualified life event, unless otherwise specified by the plan.



Eligibility

Based on our 12-month look-back period, you have worked an average of 30 or more hours per week, therefore, you have been identified as eligible for health insurance under the guidelines of the ACA (Affordable Care Act). You can also enroll your dependents for coverage, which includes:

- Your legal spouse
- Your dependent children up to age 26

Your benefits will take effect on January 1 of the coming year and will remain in effect through December 31 of the coming year. You will be contacted prior to the end of the coming year if you have remained eligible for the next year. Remember that you may only change coverage if you experience a qualifying life event, as described below.

Qualifying Life Events

Within 30 days of a qualifying life event you are required to notify Human Resources to enroll or to make changes to your current enrollment. You will need to provide documentation of the event. If you do not contact Human Resources within the 30 days of the event you are required to wait until the next annual enrollment period to make your changes.

Examples are:

- Marriage
- Divorce or legal separation
- Birth of a child
- Reduction/increase in the number of hours of employment
- Death of your spouse or dependent child
- Adoption of or placement for adoption of your child
- Change in employment status of employee, spouse or dependent child
- New entitlement to Medicare or Medicaid



UMR 1-800-826-9781

Qualified high deductible health plans (HDHPs) allow you to participate in a HSA which will provide you with tax savings.

The plan includes comprehensive health care benefits. Certain services like preventative care may be covered at no expense even if you haven't met your deductible - helping you catch problems early and better manage your health.

The School District of Menomonee Falls offers the HDHP as your medical plan and partners with UMR as the health care provider. Our provider network is the United Healthcare Choice Plus network.

Register online at www.umr.com to:

- ■Find a provider
- ■Check your benefits and see what's covered
- ■View, order a replacement or print a temporary ID card
- ■Use the health cost estimator to look up the cost of a treatment or procedure in your area
- ■Access tools and trusted resources to help you live a healthier life

UMR Choice Plus High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP)					
	In Network		Out-of-Network		
	Per Person	Family Maximum	Per Person	Family Maximum	
Annual Deductible	\$2,000	\$4,000	\$4000	\$8000	
Coinsurance	The Plan Pays 100% After Deductible		The Plan Pays 50% After Deductible		
Out-of-Pocket Maximum	\$4,000 \$8,000		\$6,000	\$12,000	
Lifetime Maximum	Unlimited		Unlimited		
Preventative Care	100% , No Deductible		Deductible and Coinsurance		
Physician Office Visit	Deductible		Deductible and Coinsurance		
Specialist Office Visit	Deductible		Deductible and Coinsurance		
Urgent Care	\$75 Copay, After Deductible		\$75 Copay, At	fter Deductible	
Emergency Room Care	\$250 Copay, After Deductible		\$250 Copay, A	fter Deductible	



EXPRESS SCRIPTS 1-800-837-6201

Your prescription drug coverage is administered by Express Scripts' retail and mail delivery pharmacy networks. To find a list of participating retail pharmacies, go to http://www.express-scripts.com/sdmf. You must get your prescription filled at an Express Scripts' retail or mail delivery pharmacy. Prescriptions filled outside the pharmacy network will be covered after you have paid for the prescription and submitted an out-of-network pharmacy claim to request reimbursement. By ordering your maintenance medications 3 months at a time by mail using Express Scripts' mail delivery pharmacy, your prescriptions will be conveniently shipped to your home saving you time and money. Note: After two 30-day fills at a retail pharmacy, you are required to use either a Walgreens Smart90 Pharmacy or Express Scripts Mail Order Pharmacy.

	Retail Network Pharmacy 31-day supply maximum	Walgreens Smart90 Retail Pharmacy 90-day supply maximum	Express Scripts Mail Order 90-day supply maximum
Generic (Tier 1) A biologically equivalent pharmaceutical product manufactured and sold under its chemical, common or official name	\$10	\$20	\$20
Preferred Brand (Tier 2) A drug established by Express Scripts to be clinically appropriate and cost effective. Preferred brands are part of Express Scripts' drug list, found on http://www.express-scripts.com/sdmf.	\$25	\$50	\$50
Non-preferred Brand (Tier 3) A brand drug not listed on the Express Scripts' drug list	\$50	\$100	\$100
Specialty Medications	Specialty medications available through Express Scripts' Specialty Pharmacy only		
Annual out-of-pocket limit for medical and prescription drug coverage	\$4,000 per person, no more than \$8,000 per family per calendar year		



DIVERSIFIED BENEFIT SERVICES

1-800-234-1229

IMPORTANT: The HEALTH CARE FSA is NOT an option if you enroll in the High Deductible Health Plan. You can still participate in the DEPENDENT CARE FSA.

Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs) let you set aside pretax dollars to pay for eligible health care and/or dependent care (child care or elder care) expenses and are designed to save you money on your taxes. You do not pay for state, federal or Social Security taxes on the money you contribute. They work in a similar way to a savings account. Each pay period, funds are deducted from your pay on a pre-tax basis and are deposited to your Health Care and/or Dependent Care FSA. You then use your funds to pay for eligible health care or dependent care expenses.

Diversified Benefit Services, Inc. (DBS) is our Administrator for Flexible Spending Accounts. You can enroll in a FSA during Open Enrollment by submitting a paper form to HR/Payroll.

Account Type	Eligible Expenses	Annual Contribution Limits	Benefit
Health Care FSA NOT available if you enroll in our HDHP Health Plan	Most medical, dental and vision care expenses that are not covered by your health plan (such as copayments, coinsurance, deductibles, eyeglasses and doctor-prescribed over the counter medications)	Maximum contribution is \$2,650 per year.	Saves on eligible expenses not covered by insurance; reduces your taxable income
Dependent Care FSA	Dependent care expenses (such as day care, after school programs or elder care programs for a spouse, parent or a grandparent) so you and your spouse can work or attend school full- time	Maximum contribution is \$5,000 per year (\$2,500 if married and filing separate tax returns)	Reduces your taxable income

Important Information About FSAs

You cannot participate in a HSA qualified plan, such as our HDHP, and a full health care FSA simultaneously.

For your dependent care FSA account, any unused amount in your 2018 account as of December 31, 2018 will be forfeited. This is known as the "use it or lose" rule and is governed by the IRS regulations. We encourage you to plan your contributions carefully.

For the 2018 plan year, you will have from January 1st to December 31, 2018 to incur expenses. You will need to actively re-enroll in this benefit each year. It is important to choose your election amount carefully. You will have until March 31, 2019 to submit your 2018 claims for reimbursement. While you can roll over up to \$500 of an unused health care FFSA account balance, anything above \$500 will be forfeited if you do not have eligible expenses incurred by December 31, 2018.

FLEXIBLE SPENDING ACCOUNT (FSA)

IMPORTANT: The HEALTH CARE FSA is NOT an option if you enroll in the High Deductible Health Plan. You can still participate in the DEPENDENT CARE FSA.

What Are the Advantages of an FSA?

With an FSA, the money you contribute is never taxed—not when you put it in the account, not when you are reimbursed with the funds from the account, and not when you file your income tax return at the end of the year. FSA's let you set aside pretax dollars to pay for eligible health care and/or dependent care (child care or elder care) expenses. You do not pay state, federal or Social Security taxes on the money you contribute. Here is an example of how much you can save when you use the FSAs to pay for your predictable health care and dependent care expenses.

Paycheck Comparison Example:

		WITHOUT		WI	TH
YOU	R CHECK:	FLEX PLAN		FLEX F	PLAN
	Gross Pay (Pre tax)	\$1,000		\$1	1,000
	Qualifying Expenses	\$ -			\$268
	Pay subject to Tax	\$1,000			\$732
	Taxes Paid by you:	\$250			\$183
	(Approximately)				
YOU	R EXPENSES:				
	I. Health Insurance	\$22		\$	-
	II. Dependent Care	\$200		\$	-
	III. Medical, Dental,	\$46	•	\$	-
	Net Spendable Income:	\$482			\$549
	(*Total of I, II, III = \$268)				
	Difference:				\$67

This is an example only, not your actual experience. It assumes a 25% federal income tax rate marginal rate. State and local taxes vary, and are not included in this example. However, you will save on any state and local taxes as well.



OPTUM BANK 1-866-234-8913 www.optumbank.com

How HSAs work

The details of how a health savings account (HSA) works and the benefits it can provide can be explained with four simple words: deposit, grow, save and pay.

Deposit your health care dollars.

Deposits — While you are participating in a qualifying high-deductible health plan, you can make a deposit into your HSA. Your employer may arrange for deposits to be deducted from your paycheck. Other options include deposit forms, the HSA administrator's website and online transfers from your bank.

Grow your savings

Earnings — Deposits to your HSA could earn income tax-free interest.

Investment options —Some HSAs offer an option to invest some of your HSA dollars in mutual funds after you have saved a certain amount in your account — if that fits your risk tolerance and long-term goals.

Carry-over — There is no "use it or lose it" rule for HSAs. Unspent funds remain in your account.

Save on taxes

Contributions — The money you contribute to your HSA is tax-deductible up to the annual contribution limit. So, if you are in the 28% tax bracket and deposit \$3,000 into your HSA, you could save \$840 in federal income taxes.

Distributions — Money you take out of your HSA to pay for qualified medical expenses is tax-free.

Earnings — Interest you may earn on your HSA grows income tax-free.

Pay for health care, now or later

Qualified medical expenses — Pay for current and future medical expenses for you, your spouse and your eligible dependents. You can continue to use the funds in your account even if you stop participating in a high-deductible health plan (although you cannot contribute more to it).

Payment methods — Some HSAs offer a debit card you can use to pay pharmacies, doctors, clinics and other health care providers on the spot. Or, you can withdraw funds to reimburse yourself for out-of-pocket expenses.

Tax implications — It's up to you to maintain records to verify that funds were used for qualified medical expenses. Funds used for nonqualified expenses will be taxed as income and subject to a 20 percent penalty. If you are 65 or older, the 20 percent penalty does not apply.



OPTUM BANK
1-866-234-8913
www.optumbank.com

Who can enroll in a HSA?

Any adult can contribute to a HSA if they:

- Have coverage under a HSA-qualified "high deductible health plan" (HDHP).
- Have no other first-dollar medical coverage.
 - This includes but is not limited to other non-HDHP coverage, general purpose Health Care Flexible Spending Accounts or Health Reimbursement Arrangements. (Other types of insurance like specific injury insurance or accident, disability, dental care, vision care, or long-term care insurance are permitted).
- Are not enrolled in Medicare or Tricare.
- Cannot be claimed as a dependent on someone else's tax return.

High Deductible Health Plans (HDHPs)

You must have coverage under an HSA-qualified HDHP to open and contribute to an HSA. The School District of Menomonee Falls' group health insurance plan administered by UMR is an HSA-qualified HDHP. The HDHP does not pay any benefits until the deductible has been paid.

The deductible applies to all medical expenses (including prescriptions) covered by the plan. However, "preventive care" services are covered on a first-dollar basis.

HSA Contributions

Contributions to your HSA are made by you. The total contributions are limited annually. Payroll contributions are taken pre-tax. Contributions made on your own might be tax deductible. To find out, talk to your tax advisor. Contributions to the account must stop once you are enrolled in Medicare. However, you can keep the money in your account and use it to pay for medical expenses tax-free. You can make contributions to your HSA every year that you are eligible. 2018 contributions cannot exceed:

- \$3,450 Self-only coverage
- \$6,900 Family coverage

Catch-Up Contributions

Individuals age 55 and older, not on Medicare, can also make additional "catch-up" contributions. The maximum annual catch-up contribution is \$1,000.



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Qualified HSA Expenses

You can use the money in the account to pay for any "qualified medical expense" permitted under federal tax law. This includes most medical care and services, and dental and vision care, and also includes certain over-the-counter items. You generally cannot use the money to pay for medical insurance premiums, except under specific circumstances, including:

- Any health plan coverage while receiving federal or state unemployment benefits.
- COBRA continuation coverage after leaving employment with a company that offers health insurance coverage.
- Qualified long-term care insurance.
- Medicare premiums and out-of-pocket expenses, including deductibles, co-pays and coinsurance, if you are age 65, for;
 - Part A (hospital and inpatient services)
 - Part B (physician and outpatient services)
 - Part C (Medicare HMO and PPO plans)
 - Part D (prescription drugs)

You can use the money in the account tax free to pay for medical expenses for yourself, your spouse, or your dependent children. You can pay for expenses for your spouse and dependent children even if they are not covered by your HDHP. Any amounts used for purposes other than to pay for "qualified medical expenses" are taxable as income and subject to an additional 20% Federal tax penalty (and possible State penalty).

Examples include:

- Medical expenses that are not considered "qualified medical expenses" under federal tax law (e.g., cosmetic surgery).
- Other types of health insurance unless specifically described above.
- Medicare supplement insurance premiums.
- Expenses that are not medical or health-related (e.g., vacations, clothes, computers).

After you turn age 65, the 20% additional tax penalty no longer applies. If you become disabled and/or enroll in Medicare, the account can be used for other purposes without paying the additional 20% penalty. You cannot, however, contribute to your HSA while on Medicare.



OPTUM EAP 1-855-205-9185

Sometimes life can be challenging. That's why the District provides an Employee Assistance Program (EAP) to all eligible employees -- at no cost to you. The EAP is designed to provide prompt, confidential help with a range of personal and family issues that may affect all of us from time to time. You or a member of your household receive up to three free counseling sessions with an EAP Professional.

EAP counselors will assist you with concerns such as:

- My budget is out of control and I don't know what to do
- I worry too much
- My kids are always in trouble at school
- I need help with a legal matter
- I've been depressed for months and don't know where to turn
- My mother can't live alone anymore, I'm looking for some help
- My stress levels are way too high
- I need to find after-school care for my child
- My family problems are affecting my work

Optum EAP/Work-Life services are convenient, confidential and provided at no cost to you and members of your household. We're here 24 hours a day, seven days a week, call anytime: 855-205-9185 or visit: www.liveandworkwell.com.



403(b) / 457 RETIREMENT SAVINGS PLAN

Retirement Plan Advisors/Security Benefit: 608-531-0190

WEA Trust Member Benefits:

800-279-4030, Ext.2725

Wisconsin Deferred Compensation:

877-457-9327, Option 2

The School District of Menomonee Falls offers voluntary retirement savings plans to help employees save for a secure retirement. *All District employees are eligible to participate* by making convenient payroll deducted contributions into the following plans:

	Traditional 403(b) Roth 403(b)		457 Deferred Comp	Roth 457
Contributions	Pre-Tax	After-Tax	Pre-Tax	After-Tax
Growth	Tax-Deferred	Tax-Free	Tax-Deferred	Tax-Free
Distributions	Taxable Available at age 59 ½ or separation of service Withdrawals prior to age 59½ may be subject to 10% federal penalty	Tax-free at age 59½ and at least 5 tax years from date of first Roth 403(b) contribution Withdrawals prior to age 59½ may be subject to 10% federal penalty	Available at separation of service Taxable No age requirement. No 10% federal penalty on early withdrawals	Available at separation of service No age requirement. No 10% federal penalty on early withdrawals (earnings may be taxable)
\$6,000 extra if over 50 years of age Annual Maximum Contributions (2018) Contributions offset maximum Roth 403(b) contributions \$6,000 extra if over 50 years of age Contributions offset maximum mum traditional 403(b)		\$18,000 basic \$6,000 extra if over 50 years of age Contributions do not offset 403(b) or Roth 403 (b) contributions \$18,000 basic \$6,000 extra if over 50 years age Contributions do not offset 403(b) or Roth 403(b) contributions		
Loans	No	No	No	No
Hardships	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Benefits	Reduces taxable income Provides tax-deferred income in retirement Can combine 403(b) Roth, 403(b), 457, and 457 Roth plan contributions	Tax-free growth Provides tax-free income in retirement Can combine 403(b) Roth, 403(b), 457, and 457 Roth plan contributions	Reduces taxable income Provides income for employees retiring before age 59 ½ Can combine 403(b) Roth, 403(b), 457, and 457 Roth plan contribu- tions	Tax-free growth Provides tax-free income in retirement Can combine 403(b) Roth, 403 (b), 457, and 457 Roth plan contributions



The District partners with three financial firms to provide a full spectrum of investments and retirement planning services. To learn more, contact the following approved providers about our plans

Retirement Plan Advisors / Security Benefit

Angel Tullar

3618 Ridge Dr, Suite 150

Janesville, WI 53548

(608) 531-0190

<u>atullar@retirementplanadvisors.com</u> <u>www.retirementplanadvisors.com</u>

Available Plans:

403(b) Traditional, 403(b) Roth,

457 Deferred Compensation, 457 Roth

WEA Trust Member Benefits

David Mabie PO Box 7893

Madison, WI 53707-7893

(800) 279-4010 Ext.1699

dmabie@weabenefits.com

http://www.weabenefits.com

Available Plans:

403(b) Traditional, 403(b) Roth

Wisconsin Deferred Compensation

Joseph Herron

5325 Wall Street, Suite 2755

Madison, WI 53718

(877) 457-WDCP (9327), option 2

joseph.herron@gwl.com

https://wisconsin.gwrs.com/login.do

Available Plans:

457 Deferred Compensation, 457 Roth

Employees may enroll in the program at any time by contacting the Human Resources Department.



What is a Consumer Driven Health Plan (CDHP)?

A consumer-driven health plan is the overarching term given to medical plans that are structured to help members take a more active role in their health care decisions. The most common forms of CDHPs are High Deductible Health Plans (HDHPs) in which consumers pay lower premiums in exchange for a higher deductible - then have to manage their costs of care until their deductible is reached. A tool to help consumers save for expenses associated with their CDHP is a Health Savings Account (HSA).

What is a HDHP - High Deductible Health Plan?

A High Deductible Health Plan is a medical plan whose coverage starts after a relatively large deductible is met. The majority of these plans are Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) plans that provide in- and out-of-network benefits. Services are covered at a higher percentage when in-network doctors and facilities are used; however, you can use any licensed doctor or facility you choose at the out-of-network levels.

What is an HSA – Health Savings Account?

An HSA is a tax-advantaged account that is similar to a savings or checking account and is usually established with a bank or insurance company (Please note: State laws may vary; however, most states follow Federal tax quidelines). The account can be used help pay for qualified healthcare expenses each year or save for future qualified expenses. Contributions to HSAs can be made on a pre-tax basis through the convenience of salary deferral. For 2018, annual contributions to an HSA are limited to \$3,450 for single coverage and \$6,900 for family coverage. Employers may also make contributions to an HSA on behalf of their employees who elect the HDHP option. However, the combined total contribution cannot exceed the annual limit. If you are age 55 or older, you may make a "catch-up" contribution each year to the HSA. In 2018, the "catch-up" amount is \$1,000. (You are entitled to 1/12 of the maximum contribution for each month in which you are an HSA-eligible individual—special rules may apply for individuals who become newly eligible during the year.) HSA payments or distributions can be deferred indefinitely.

Funds that remain in an HSA at the end of the plan year continue to accumulate and earn non-taxable interest or investment return over the life of the account. The account is portable so you can take the account with you when you retire or leave employment, or you can keep the funds in the HSA for later use. HSA funds belong to the account owner (for example, the employee).

What is a deductible?

A deductible is the amount of covered expenses you must pay out of pocket each calendar year before your insurance plan begins to pay benefits. Most plans have different deductibles for in-network and out-of-network providers. Many preventive services such as annual physicals, flu shots, and blood pressure and other screenings are provided at no cost to you, and therefore not subject to the deductible.



What is a non-embedded deductible?

Under a plan with a non-embedded deductible, all insured family member claims are combined until the total family deductible is met. The total family deductible must be satisfied prior to receiving plan benefits. The family deductible can be met by one or more covered individuals on the plan.

What is a copay?

A copay is a fixed out-of-pocket expense for services rendered, such as doctor visits and/or prescription drugs. A copay must be paid at the time the service; the insurer pays any remaining costs.

What is coinsurance?

Coinsurance is the portion of costs of services for which you are responsible, usually expressed as a percentage and applicable after your deductible is met. For example, if your plan has a \$1,000 deductible, and the coinsurance is 80% for your insurer and 20% for you, you would pay for the first \$1,000 of medical care costs, and then 20% of all subsequent covered costs until you reach your plan's out-of-pocket maximum.

What is the difference between a copay and coinsurance?

A copay, or copayment, is a fixed payment you will pay for a covered service under certain types of medical plans. Coinsurance is the portion of costs of services for which you are responsible, usually expressed as a percentage and applicable after your deductible is met. Many insurance plans use both copay amounts (fixed dollar amounts) and coinsurance amounts (expressed as a percentage) to designate how much you'll have to pay for a particular service. For example, you may have a \$20 copay when you opt to see an innetwork specialist, and your share of the coinsurance for out-of-network doctors may be 20% (with the insurer paying the remaining 80% after you reach your deductible.)

What is out-of-pocket maximum?

An out-of-pocket-maximum refers to the limit of what you'll be required to pay toward your medical expenses in a year; including your deductible, copays, and coinsurance, but not your premiums. If you meet the out-of-pocket-maximum, any further covered expenses will be paid in full by your insurer for the remainder of the year. For 2018, the maximum annual out-of-pocket expense limits for a high-deductible health plan is: \$6,650 for self-only coverage \$13,300 for family coverage.

Why do I pay for some benefits with before- tax money?

There is a definite advantage to paying for some benefits with pre-tax contributions: Taking the money out before your taxes are calculated lowers the amount of your taxable income. Therefore, you pay less in taxes. But by law, this tax advantage is not available for all benefits.



My Plan has an "non-embedded deductible" but an "embedded" out-of-pocket maximum. What does this mean?

Single or individual insureds with no family coverage will pay the single deductible up to the single out of pocket maximum.

Individual's enrolling in family coverage will follow the following provision.

A medical plan with a non-embedded deductible means that the full family deductible must be met before anyone in the family begins to receive health insurance claims paid by the plan.

Once the family deductible has been met, each family member's claims are then processed according to the plan's coinsurance percentage and is subject to the plan's out-of-pocket maximums. When the family has met the family deductible, each individual family member's claims is limited to the individual/single out-of-pocket maximum.

What's the difference between in-network and out-of-network providers?

The difference between these two types of providers is that an in-network provider is contracted with your insurer to provide you with services at negotiated rates. An out-of-network provider does not have a contract with your insurer. Typically, if you visit a physician or other provider within your network, the amount you're responsible for will be less than if you visit an out-of-network provider. There may be some exceptions, but usually insurers pay less, or not at all, for services received from out-of-network providers.

What is a Health Savings Account (HSA)?

A Health Savings Account (HSA) is a tax-advantaged medical savings account available to taxpayers in the United States who are enrolled in a high-deductible health plan (HDHP). The funds contributed to an account are not subject to federal income tax at the time of deposit. Funds roll over and accumulate year to year if not spent. HSA funds may be used to pay for qualified medical expenses at any time without federal tax liability or penalty.

What's a Flexible Spending Account (FSA)?

A flexible spending account (FSA) is also known as a flexible spending arrangement. An FSA allows an employee to set aside a portion of earnings to pay for qualified expenses as established in the cafeteria plan, most commonly for medical expenses and for dependent care expenses. Money deducted from an employee's pay into an FSA is not subject to payroll taxes, resulting in substantial payroll tax savings. Remember, employees may forfeit any money in an FSA that they don't use by the end of the year.

The most common type of flexible spending account, the medical expense FSA (also medical FSA or health FSA), is similar to a health savings account (HSA) or a health reimbursement account (HRA). However, while HSAs and HRAs are almost exclusively used as components of a consumer driven health care plan, medical FSAs are commonly offered with more traditional health plans as well. In addition, funds in a health savings account are not lost when the plan year is over, unlike funds in a health FSA which may be forfeited if left unused.



BENEFIT PLAN PROVIDER CONTACT INFORMATION

Plan	Contact	Phone Number	Website/Email
Medical	UMR	800-826-9781	www.umr.com
Prescription Drug	Express Scripts	800-837-6201	http://www.express-scripts.com/sdmf
Flexible Spending Accounts	DBS	800-234-1229	www.dbsbenefits.com You will need the following PIN # to create an online account: SDMF
Health Savings Account	Optum Bank	866-234-8913	www.optumbank.com
Employee Assistance Program (EAP)	Optum EAP	855-205-9185	www.liveandworkwell.com
School District of Menomonee Falls Human Resources Department	Cindy Leiler Ebel	262-255-8396	leilcyn@sdmfschools.org
School District of Menomonee Falls Payroll	Tim Hansen	262-255-8371	hanstim@sdmfschools.org



About This Guide

This benefit summary provides selected highlights of the School District of Menomonee Falls employee benefits program. It is not a legal document and shall not be construed as a guarantee of benefits nor of continued employment at the District. All benefit plans are governed by master policies, contracts and plan documents. Any discrepancies between any information provided through this summary and the actual terms of the policies, contracts and plan documents are governed by the terms of these policies, contracts and plan documents. School District of Menomonee Falls reserves the right to amend, suspend or terminate any benefit plan, in whole or in part, at any time. The Plan Administrator has the authority to make these changes.